



# Key Use cases and Common Architecture Patterns for Building Modern Apps

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# Agenda

Computing in Modern Applications

AWS Lambda and Event-Driven Computing

Container Services at AWS

# How much do you want to manage?

1

Does self-managing infrastructure improve your business results?

2

Do you have expertise?  
Is the extra effort worth it?



# Computing in modern applications



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## AWS Lambda

Event-driven  
serverless compute



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## Amazon ECS

Fully-managed  
container orchestration



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## Amazon EKS

Fully-managed  
container orchestration  
with Kubernetes

# Similarities in approaches

	Containers	Serverless
Abstraction from complexity	✓	✓
Fully-managed by AWS	✓	✓
Broad ecosystem of partners	✓	✓
Support wide range of use cases and workloads	✓	✓
Deep integration with AWS infrastructure, security, and management services	✓	✓

# Differences in approaches

## Containers

- ✓ Compute-oriented
- ✓ More easily manage infrastructure
- ✓ Infrastructure consumption-based pricing

## Serverless

- ✓ Event-oriented
- ✓ Abstract away infrastructure
- ✓ Request-based pricing

Many customers run both!

**Most customers use  
a combination**

**80%**

of AWS container services  
customers have also  
adopted Lambda

Source: <https://www.datadoghq.com/state-of-serverless/>  
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# Choosing a Serverless Compute Strategy: AWS Lambda



# Why customers choose Lambda

1

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**Desire or need get applications and features to market rapidly**

2

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**They have teams that focus primarily on code—not operations**

3

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**No limitations from existing instance or container platforms**

# What does serverless mean?



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**No infrastructure provisioning,  
no management**



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**Automatic scaling**



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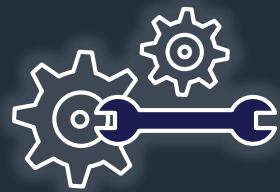
**Pay-for-use**



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**Highly available and secure**

# Common use cases



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**IT  
automation**



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**Data  
processing**



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**Event-Driven  
Architectures**



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**Web  
applications**



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**Machine  
learning**



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**AWS Lambda**  
Event-driven  
serverless  
compute



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**Event**  
A signal that  
status has  
changed

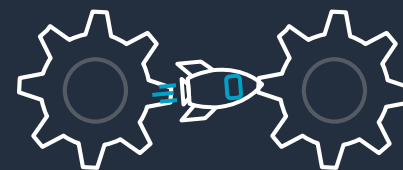
# What makes an application “event-driven?”



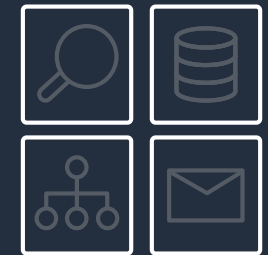
An ‘event’ is simply a change in state



Events trigger and communicate between decoupled services



EDAs consist of a producer, a router, and a consumer



Decouple services can be scaled, updated, and deployed independently

# Event-driven architectures drive reliability and scalability



## Event routers

Abstract producers and consumers from each other



## Asynchronous events

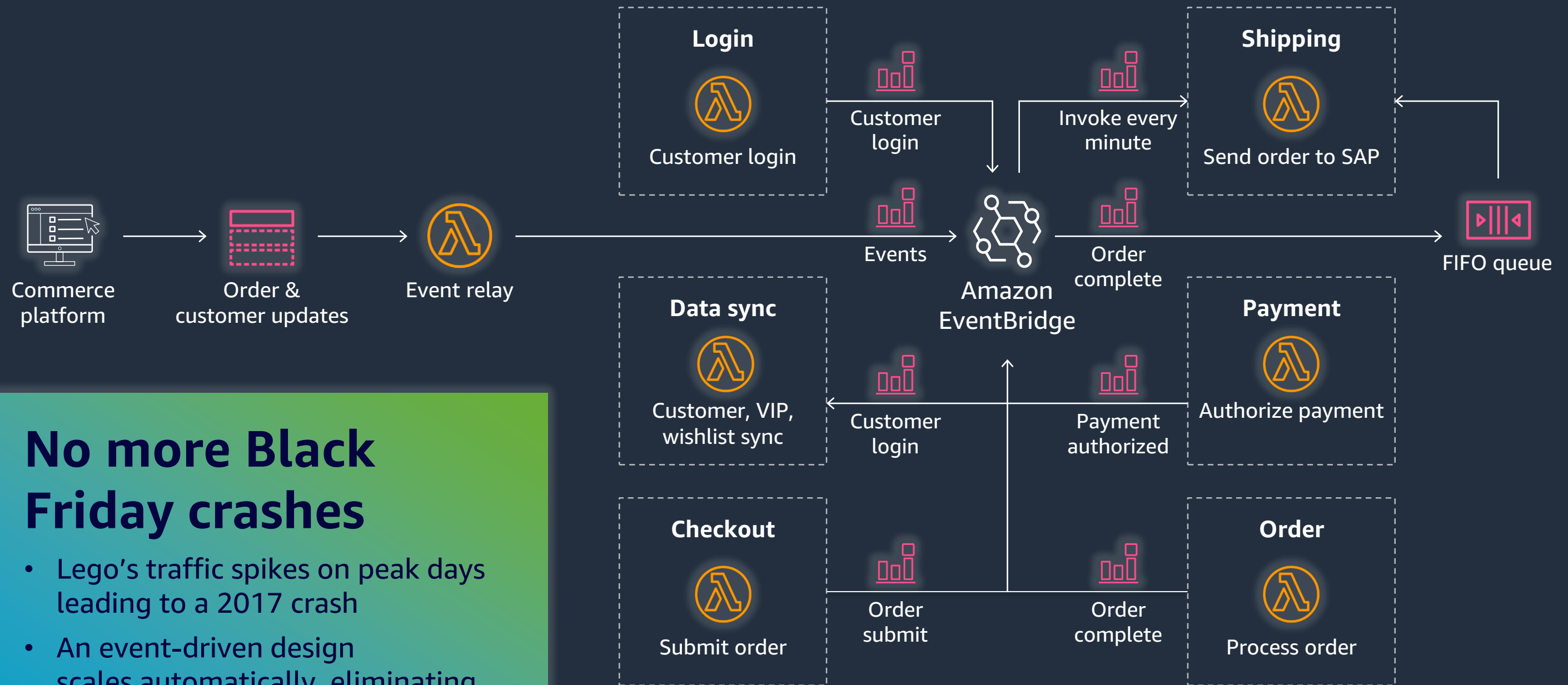
Improve responsiveness and reduce dependencies



## Event stores

Buffer messages until services are available to process

# Lego uses an event-driven design for scalability



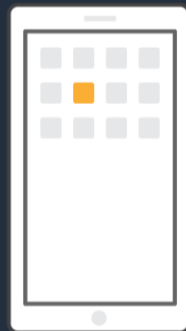
## No more Black Friday crashes

- Lego's traffic spikes on peak days leading to a 2017 crash
- An event-driven design scales automatically, eliminating this problem

# Serverless Stream Processing with Lambda



# High **volume** data produced continuously from a large **variety** of sources at a high **velocity**



Mobile apps



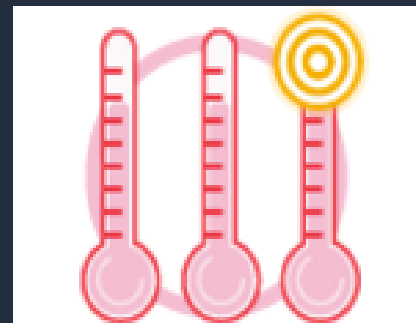
Web clickstream

```
[Wed Oct 11 14:32:52  
2018] [error] [client  
127.0.0.1] client denied  
by server configuration:  
/export/home/live/ap/htdo  
cs/test
```

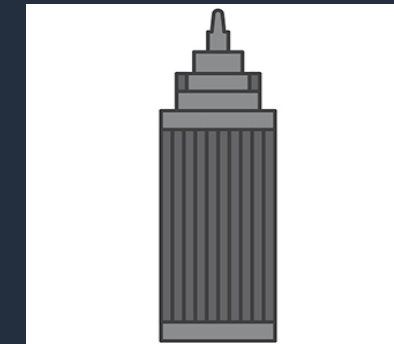
Application logs



Metering records

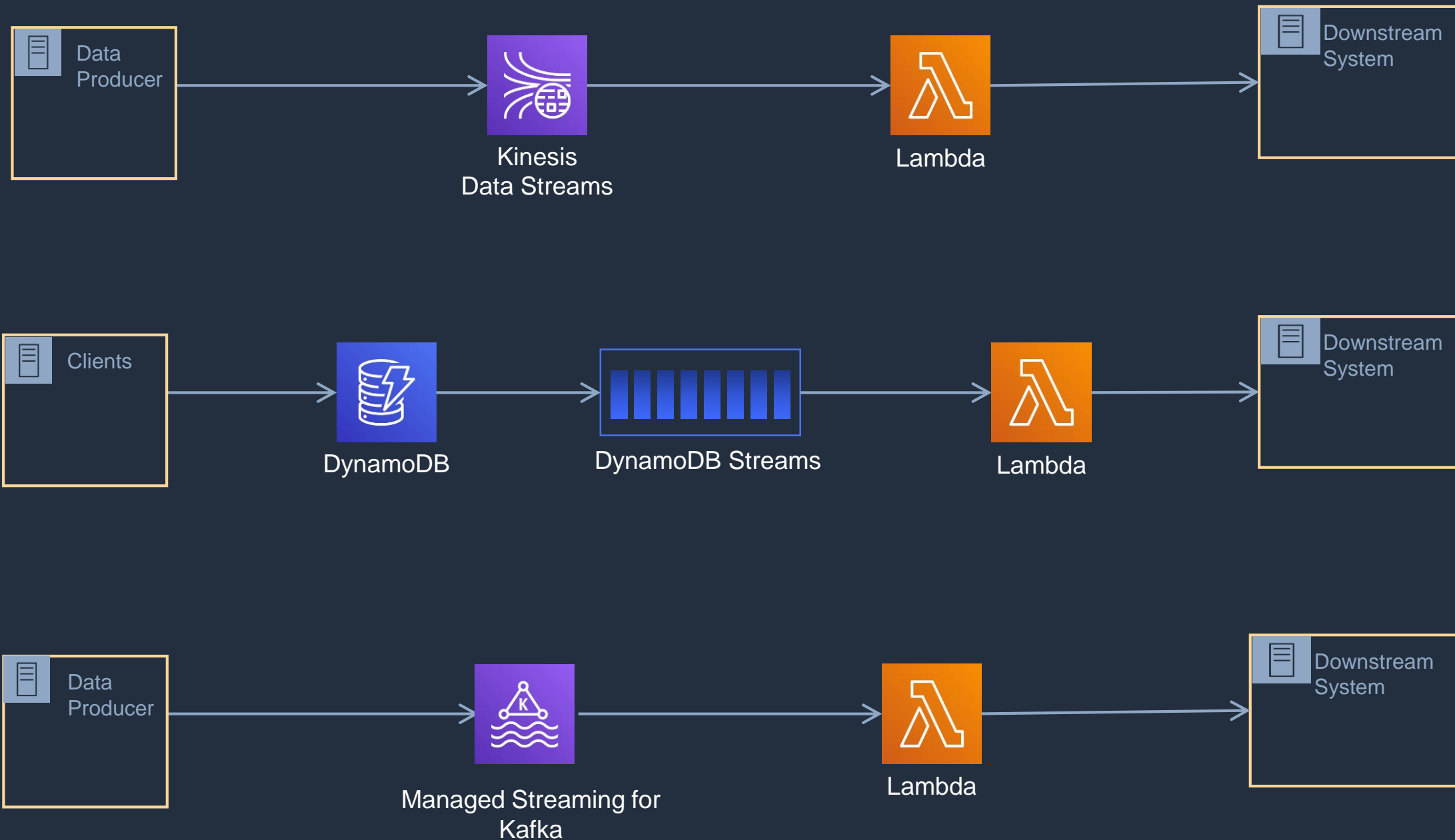


IoT sensors

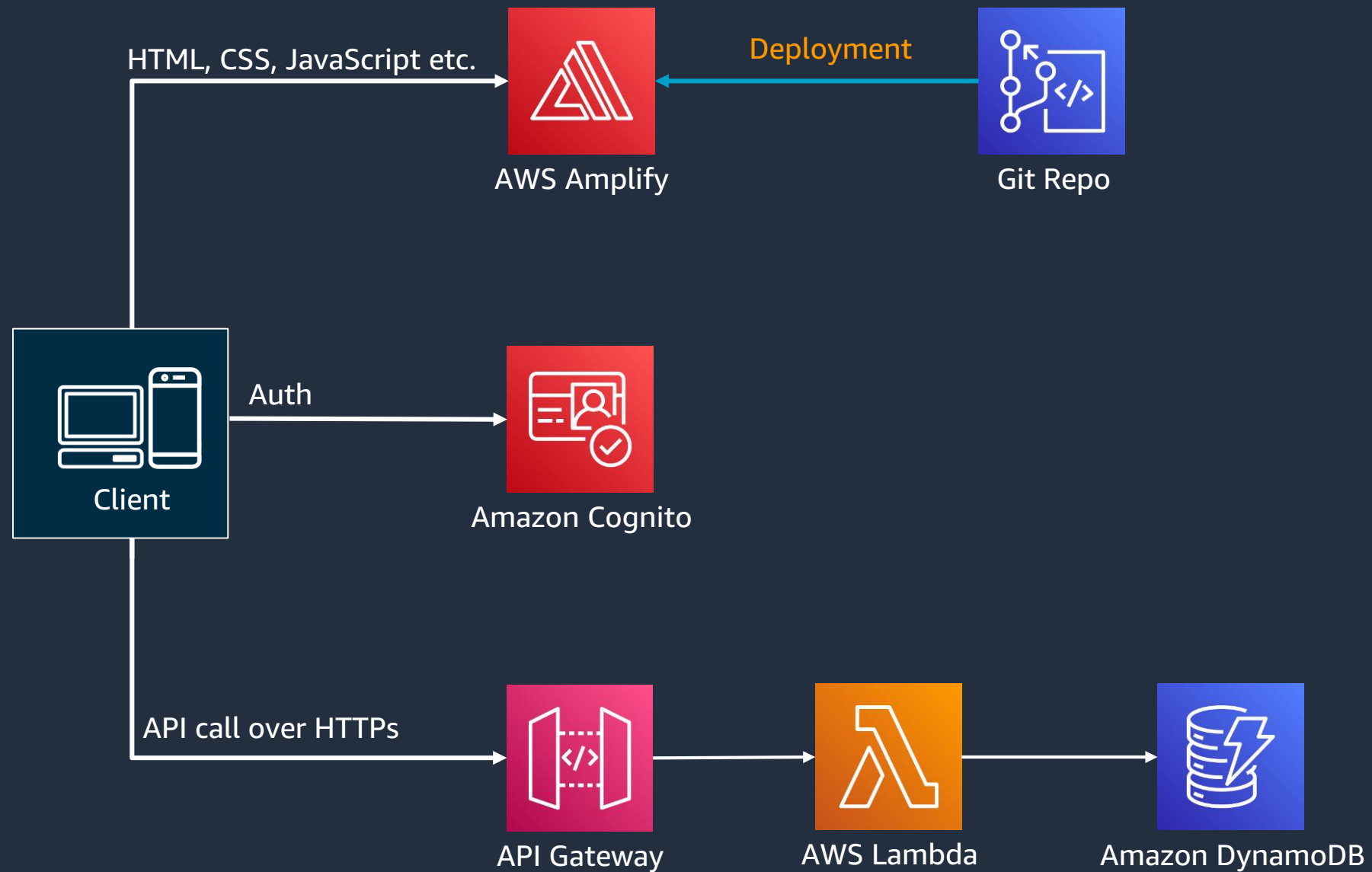


Smart buildings

# Serverless Stream Processing



# Serverless Web Applications



## Static Web Hosting

### AWS Amplify

HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Image  
SPA (React, Angular, VUE)  
Server-side rendering (Next.js and Nuxt.js)

## User Management

### Amazon Cognito

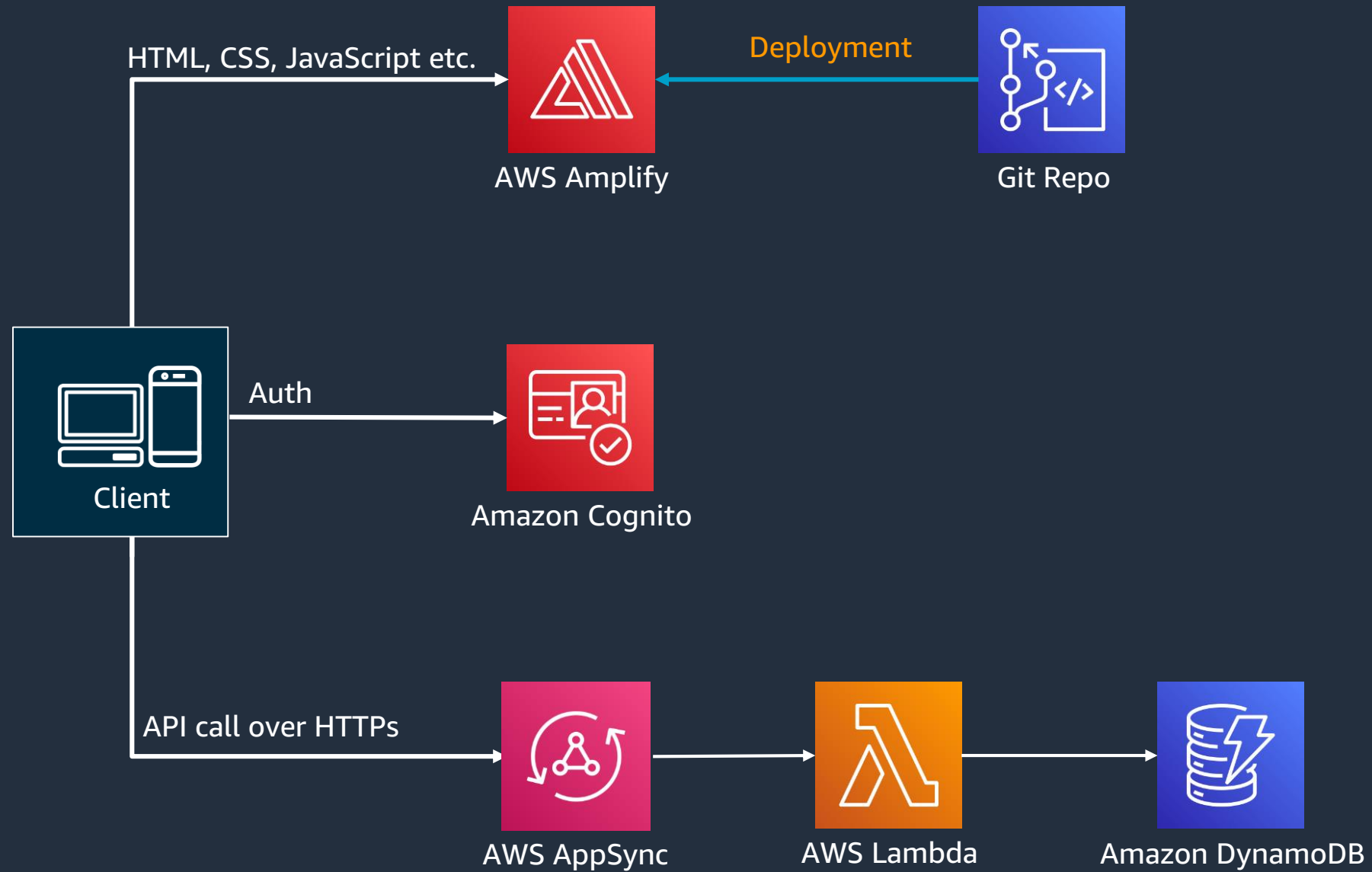
user management  
authentication for backend API

## Serverless Backend

### API Gateway, Lambda

public backend API built using  
Lambda and API Gateway

# Serverless Web Applications



## Static Web Hosting

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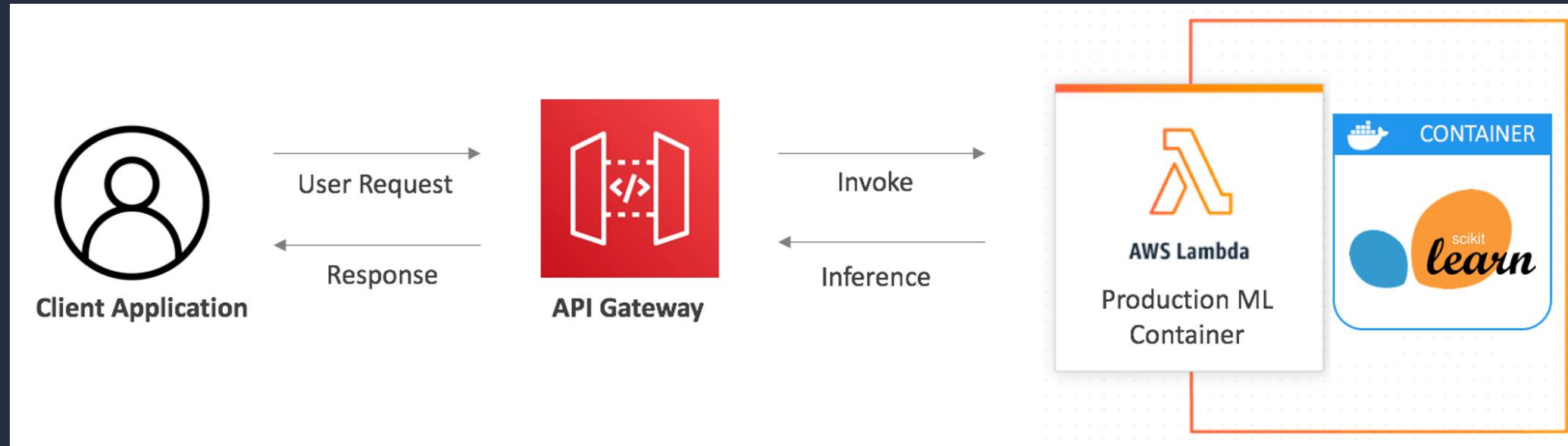
user management  
authentication for backend API

## GraphQL Serverless Backend

### AppSync, Lambda

public backend API built using  
Lambda and AppSync

# Machine learning in Lambda



- Package Lambda Functions as Container Images
  - This allows for larger code/dependencies: 10Gb
- SAM templates for Machine Learning make it easy to get started with popular frameworks
  - Pytorch, TensorFlow, SciKit-Learn, XGBoost

# Packaging functions as container images

- Use a consistent set of tools for containers and Lambda-based applications
- Deploy large applications with AWS-provided or third-party images of up to 10GB
- Benefit from sub-second automatic scaling, high availability, 140 native service integrations, and pay-for-use billing model



## DRIVING AGILITY AT COCA-COLA

**“What would normally be a complex architecture—with the amount of security, precision, and latency required—is simplified by using services like AWS Lambda to create a magical experience for the user.”**

**—Michael Connor  
Chief Architect, Coca-Cola Freestyle**



# Choosing a Containers Strategy



# Why customers choose containers



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**Familiarity or preference—you know what you like!**



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**Portability and community support**



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**Specific requirements for managing and configuring your infrastructure**

Fargate Spot??

# No boundaries: Run containers where you like

Customers have workloads, workflows, and application portfolios that span AWS, on-premises, and other clouds

AWS is pushing the boundaries with AWS Outposts, AWS Wavelength, AWS Local Zones, and now on-premises, edge, and hybrid capabilities



Customer  
infrastructure



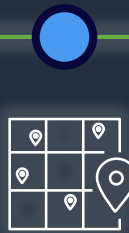
AWS  
Outposts



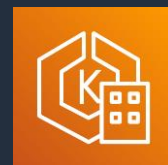
AWS  
Wavelength



AWS  
Local Zones



AWS  
Regions



EKS Anywhere



ECS Anywhere

# Choosing your container environment



## Amazon ECS

### Powerful simplicity

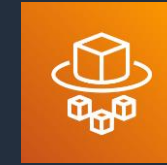
- Fully managed containers orchestration
- Opinionated solution for containers
- Reduced time to build and deploy
- Fewer decisions needed



## Amazon EKS

### Open flexibility

- If you are invested in Kubernetes
- Vibrant ecosystem and community
- Consistent open-source APIs
- Easier to run K8s resiliently and at-scale



## AWS Fargate

### Serverless

- No servers to manage
- Pay only for resources when used
- Eliminate capacity planning
- Supports both EKS and ECS

Many customers run a mix of all three!

# Operating containers at scale is challenging

## Security

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Do we have vulnerabilities on our hosts?

## Maintenance

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How are we handling ongoing AMI management, logging, & monitoring?

## Capacity

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Is the size of our cluster properly sized and can we scale as-needed?

## Cost

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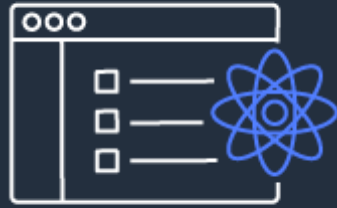
Are we being efficient with our spend?

## Focus

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Do we spend more time on our infrastructure than our applications?

# Fargate is used for a wide variety of use cases



**Web Applications**



**Data Processing**



**Machine Learning**



**CI/CD**



**Mobile Applications**



**Gaming Platforms**

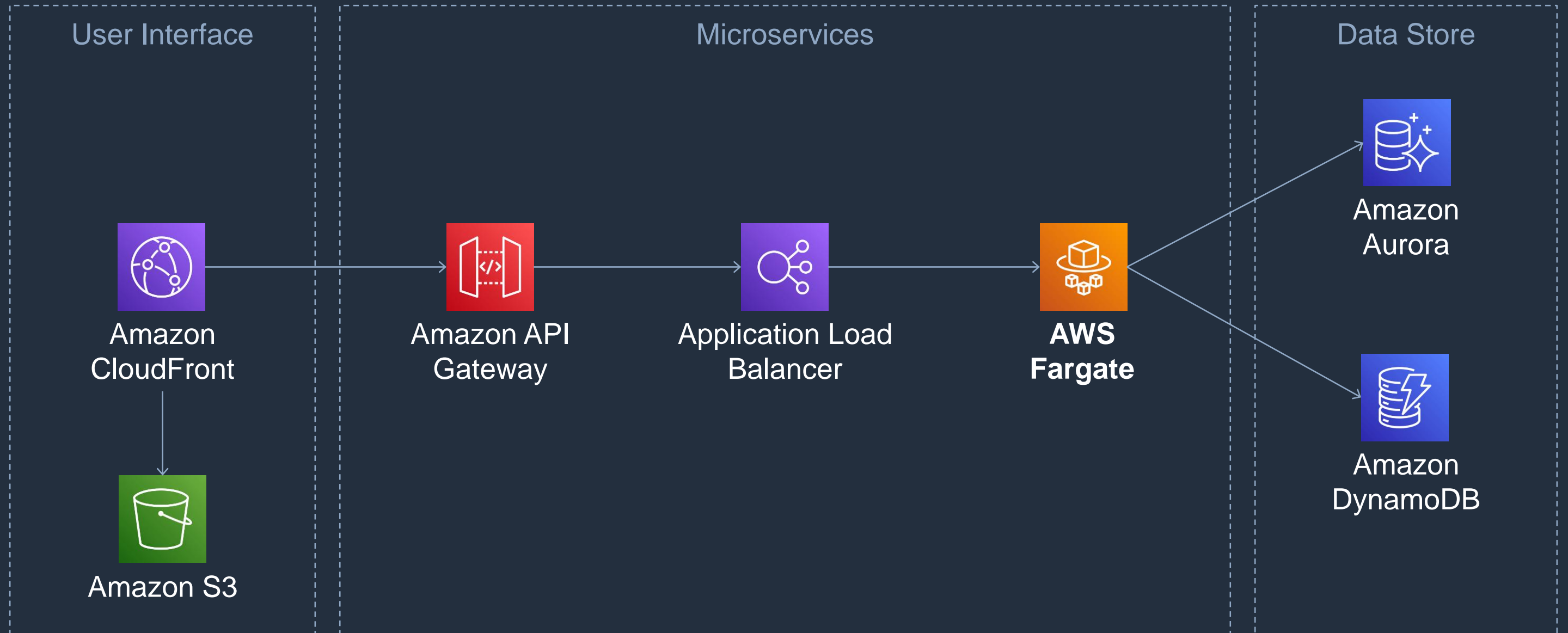


**Platform as a Service (PaaS)**

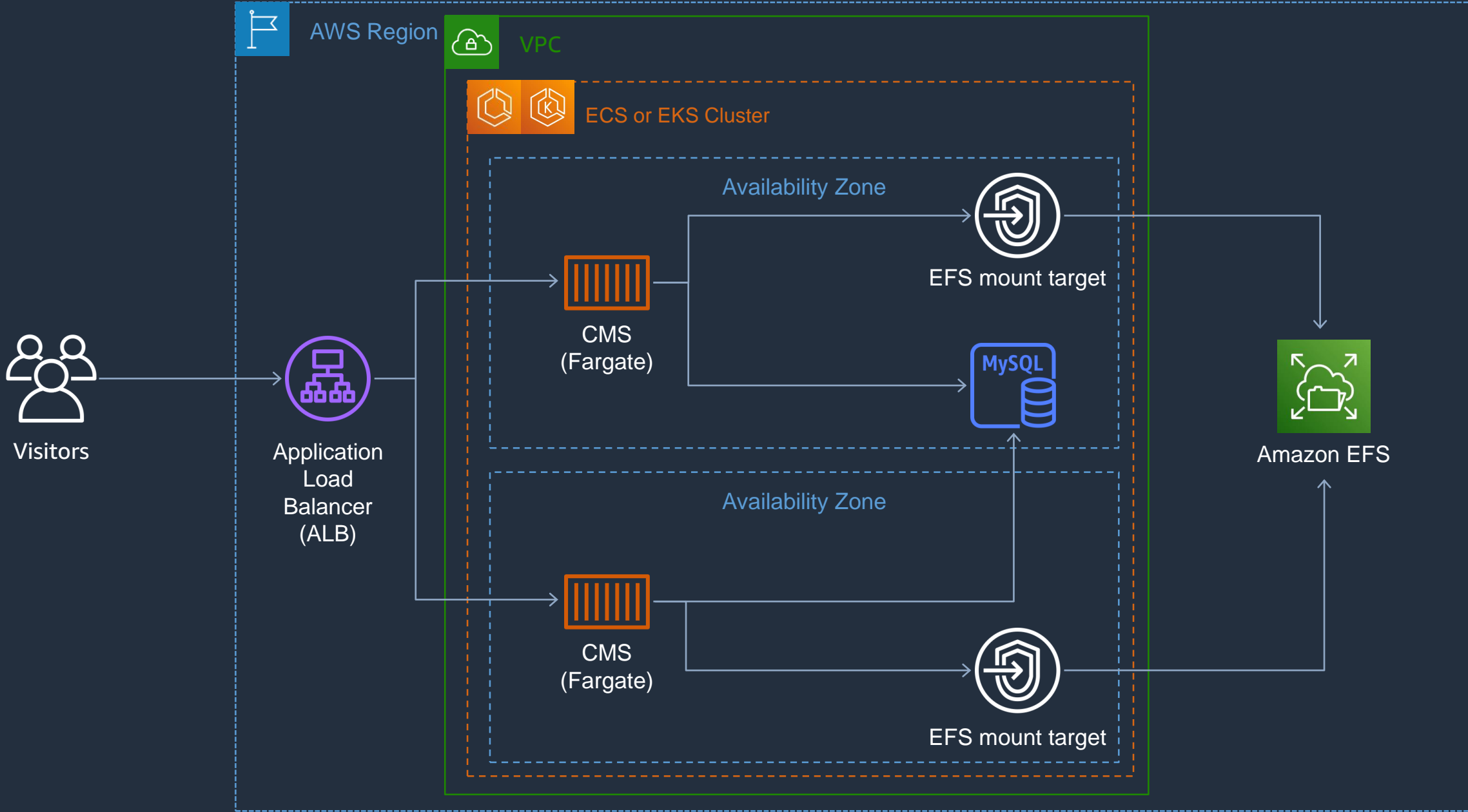


**Internet of Things**

# Sample microservices architecture



# Sample WordPress on AWS Fargate + Amazon EFS



# CI CD on Fargate

