

# Windows on AWS – Infrastructure overview for system engineers

Douglas Lee Principal Developer Advocate AWS

## Why AWS is the best place to Migrate & Modernize Microsoft Workloads

Figure 1. Magic Quadrant for Cloud Infrastructure as a Service, Worldwide



# AWS Recognized as a Cloud Leader for the 9th Consecutive Year

Gartner, Magic Quadrant for Cloud Infrastructure as a Service, Worldwide, Raj Bala, Bob Gill, Dennis Smith, David Wright, July 2019. ID G00365830. Gartner does not endorse any vendor, product or service depicted in its research publications, and does not advise technology users to select only those vendors with the highest ratings. Gartner research publications consist of the opinions of Gartner's research organization and should not be construed as statements of fact. Gartner disclaims all warranties, expressed or implied, with respect to this research, including any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. The Gartner logo is a trademark and service mark of Gartner, Inc., and/or its affiliates, and is used herein with permission. All rights reserved.

### Why Customers Choose AWS for their Microsoft Workloads

**Most Experience** 

11

Years running Windows workloads, longer than Azure has existed

**Greater Reliability** 

**7**X fewer

downtime hours in 2008 than Azure

Downtime hours from 1/1/18 to 12/31/18 pulled directly from the public service health dashboards of the major cloud providers.

**Higher Availability** 

69

Availability zones spanning 23 geographic regions

**Better Price-Performance** 

2X greater

Price-Performance than Azure when running Windows and SQL Server

**Greater Security** 

89

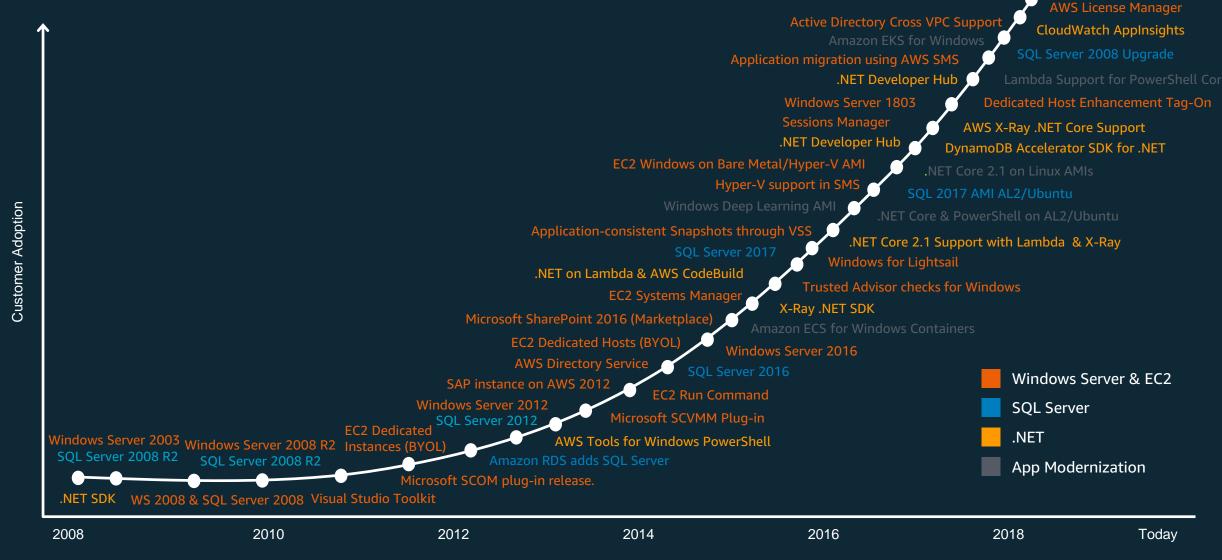
Compliance certifications
HIPAA, FISMA, ITAR, EU Model Clauses
SOC-1,2,3 FIPS, ISO

**Better TCO** 

56% lower

Cost of operations over 5 years after migrating Windows to AWS

### 11 years of innovation for Windows on AWS





90%

of the items on the roadmap originate with customer requests and are designed to meet specific needs and requirements

## AWS hosts nearly 2x as many Windows Server instances in the cloud as Microsoft













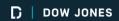


































































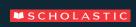












































### re:Invent 2019 announcements for Windows

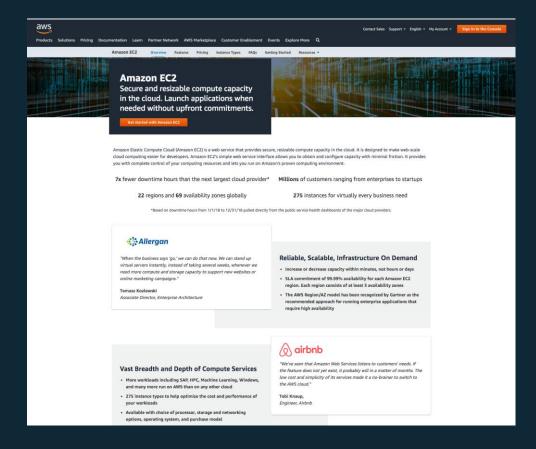


- FSX Fully-managed native-windows compatible storage, low-cost multi-AZ file system
- License Manager Ability to enforce license limits, easier tracking and governance on-prem/cloud
- Cloud-like dedicated host integration with AWS License Manager 2019
- AWS Compute Optimizer Identify optimal EC2 instance and EC2 auto scaling groups using ML engine
- AWS SSO simplified user experience with central management and support for Azure AD (SAML, SCIM)
- Amazon EC2 Image Builder automate creation, management and deployment of "golden" VM images
- AWS Launch Wizard Guided experience to size, configure and deploy select enterprise workloads on AWS
- Migration acceleration program for Windows (Q1 2020) Assessment, planning and execution
- AWS End-of-support Migration program (EMP) solution for migrating end of support Windows workloads
- Application Modernization Lab Programmatic application modernization strategy to enable customers
- Group Managed Service Accounts (gMSA) support in ECS and EKS containerize your existing applications
  without breaking AD integration
- Database freedom Database migration from SQL Server to AWS-native database services (e.g. Aurora)
- Deep Learning AMI on Windows on AWS (85% of TensorFlow projects in the cloud happen on AWS)
- AWS Data Exchange easily exchange data in the cloud between data providers and data subscribers

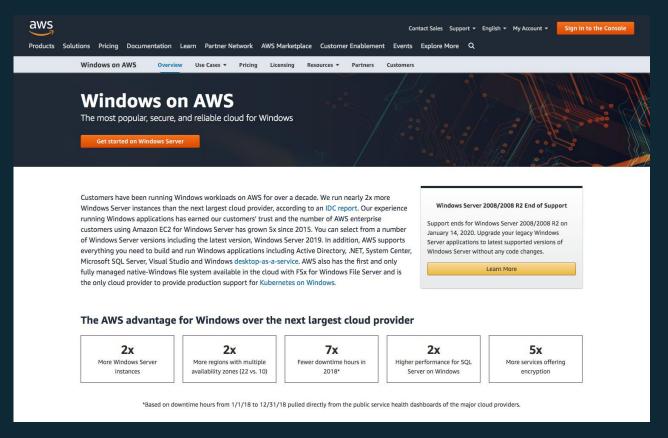


## Getting started with AWS Compute Services (EC2)

Visit the AWS EC2 site https://aws.amazon.com/ec2/



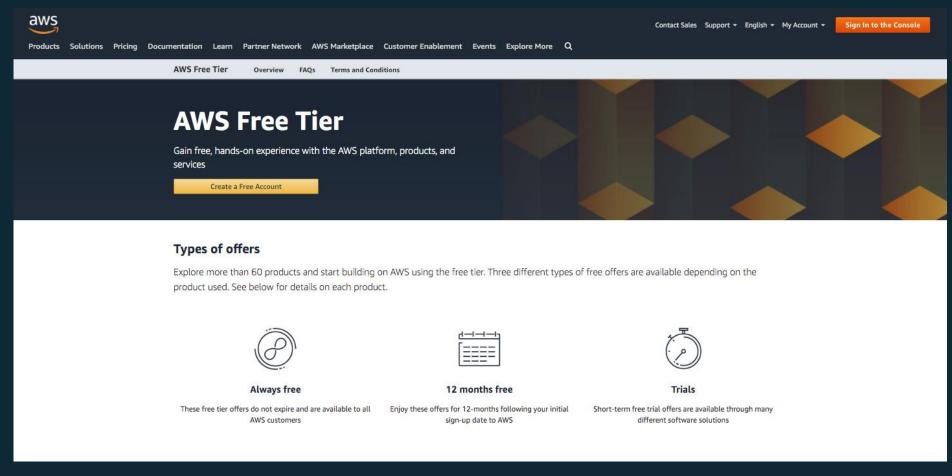
Check out the Windows on AWS site <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/windows">https://aws.amazon.com/windows</a>





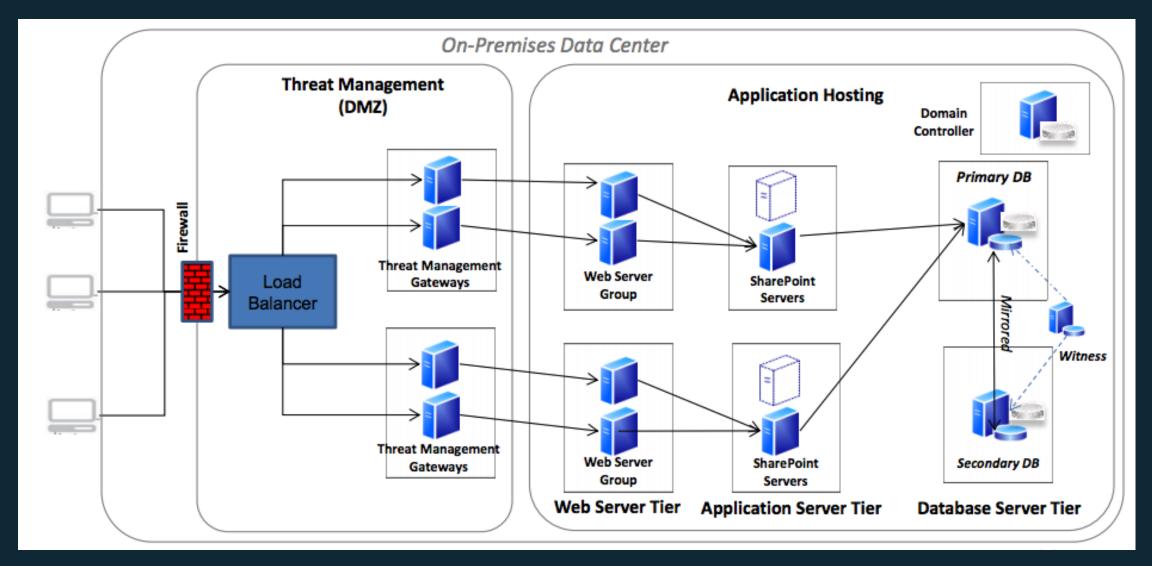
## Experiment with AWS Free tier

AWS provides a free tier, go try for yourself! <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/free/">https://aws.amazon.com/free/</a>



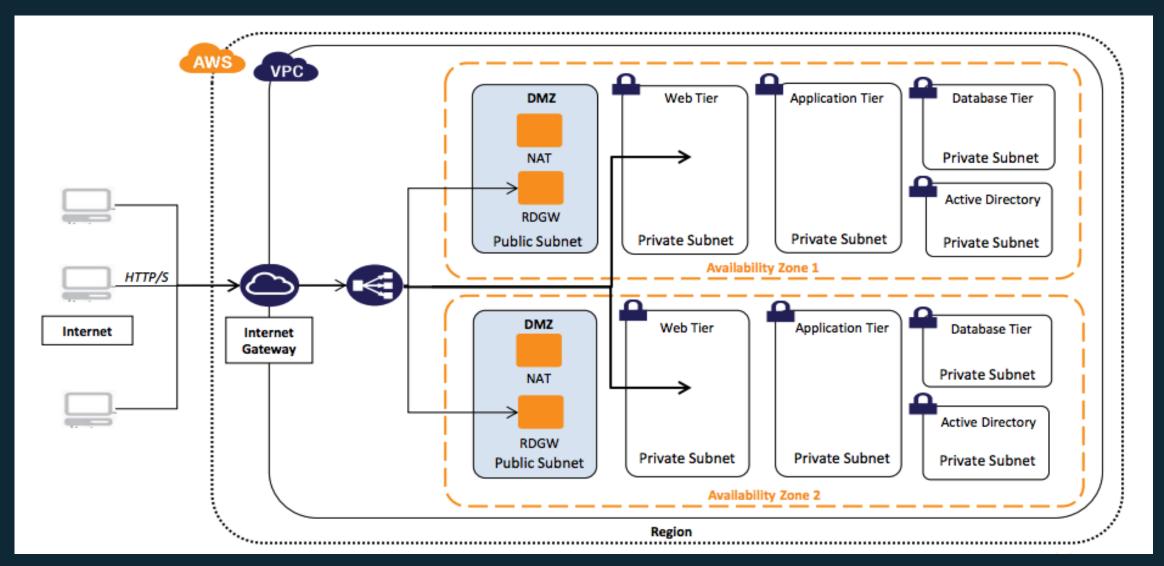


## Cloud infrastructure concepts (on-prem)





## Cloud infrastructure concepts (AWS)

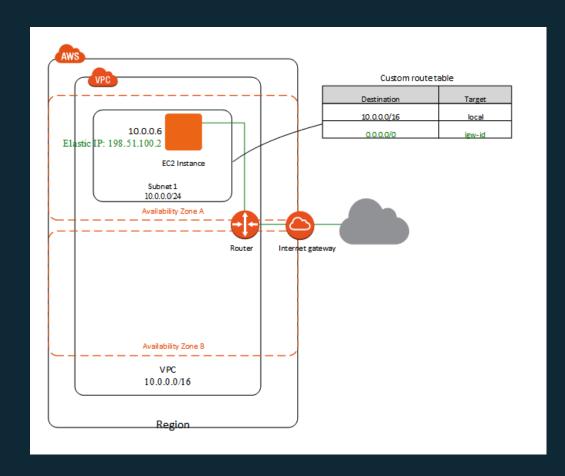




## Networking concepts in AWS

Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) is a core foundation for AWS

- Resembles tradition network in data center.
- Benefits of scalable infrastructure of AWS
- VPC is a virtual network dedicated to your AWS account.
- A subnet is a range of IP addresses in your VPC.
- A route table contains a set of rules, called routes, that are used to determine where network traffic is directed.
- An internet gateway is a horizontally scaled, redundant, and highly available VPC component that allows communication between instances.
- A VPC endpoint enables you to privately connect your VPC to supported AWS services





## Network security concepts overview

#### Firewalls (on-prem to AWS)

- Network access control lists (NACL) function as a firewall across subnets (stateless)
- Security groups function as a firewall for EC2 instance (stateful)



#### **Network** isolation

- VPC provides logical isolation of the AWS cloud
- Complete control of network environment
- IP address range
- Creation of subnets
- Route table configuration
- Network gateways



#### Threat management and detection

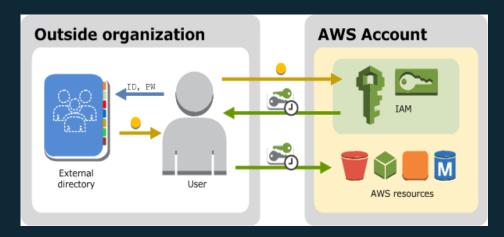
Amazon GuardDuty is an integrated threat management solution for AWS

- Uses machine learning, anomaly detection and integrated threat management
- Identify and prioritized threats, and analyzes events across multiple AWS data sources





## Active directory and AWS (various options)

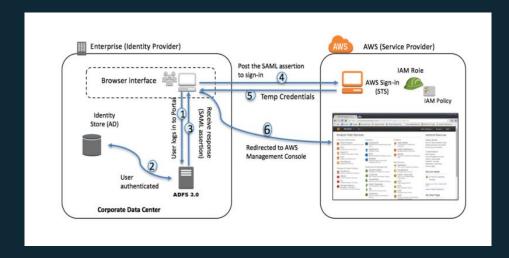


AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)

- Securely manage AWS services and resources.
- Create and mange AWS users and groups
- Permissions to allow/deny access to AWS resources

Use Microsoft AD to manage the windows environment

 Promote a domain controller to one of the EC2 Windows instances for the existing domain to work with AWS



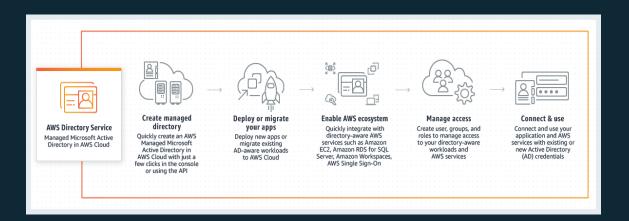
#### ADFS Federation to AWS

- IAM federated sign-in through AD and ADFS
- Centrally manage user security credentials
- Minimize administrative overhead

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/aws-federated-authentication-with-active-directory-federation-services-ad-fs/



## **AWS Directory Service**



#### **AWS Directory Service**

- Managed AD experience in AWS cloud
- Easy migration of directory-aware on-prem workloads
- Extension of existing domains
- Central management for applications access and devices

#### **AWS Directory Service**

Managed Microsoft Active Directory in the AWS Cloud

Get Started with AWS Directory Service

AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory, also known as AWS Managed Microsoft AD, enables your directory-aware workloads and AWS resources to use managed Active Directory in the AWS Cloud. AWS Managed Microsoft AD is built on actual Microsoft Active Directory and does not require you to synchronize or replicate data from your existing Active Directory to the cloud. You can use standard Active Directory administration tools and take advantage of built-in Active Directory features, such as Group Policy and single sign-on (SSO). With AWS Managed Microsoft AD, you can easily join Amazon EC2 and Amazon RDS for SQL Server instances to your domain, and use AWS Enterprise IT applications such as Amazon MorkSpaces with Active Directory users and groups.



Introduction to AWS Directory Service (2:13)

#### Benefits

#### Easily migrate directory-aware, onpremises workloads

AWS Managed Microsoft AD makes it easy to migrate Active Directory-dependent applications and Windows workloads to the AWS Cloud. With AWS Managed Microsoft AD, you can use Group Policies to manage EC2 instances and run AD-dependent applications in the AWS Cloud without the need to deploy your own AD infrastructure.

#### Easily extend existing domains

AWS Managed Microsoft AD makes it easy to extend your existing Active Directory to the AWS Cloud. It enables you to leverage your existing on-premises user credentials to access cloud resources such as AWS Management console, Amazon Workspaces, Amazon Chime etc. and, Windows workloads in the cloud.

#### Use actual Microsoft Active Directory

Take advantage of actual Microsoft Active Directory to manage your users, groups, and devices. Use familiar Active Directory administration tools and Active Directory features, such as Group Policy objects (GPOs), domain trusts, fine-grain password policies, and Kerbero-based single sign-on. You can also delegate administrative tasks and authorize access using Active Directory security groups.

#### Centrally manage application access and devices in the AWS Cloud

Join your computers, laptops, and printers to a managed Active Directory domain. AWS Managed Microsoft AD makes it easy to extend your existing Active Directory to the AWS Cloud. It enables you to leverage your existing on-premises user credentials to access cloud resources such as AWS Management console, Amazon Workspaces, Amazon Chime etc. and, Windows workloads in the cloud. Microsoft AD provides you the option to administer your on-premises users, groups, applications, and systems without the complexity of running and maintaining an on-premises, highly available Active Directory.

#### Share a single directory for cloud workloads

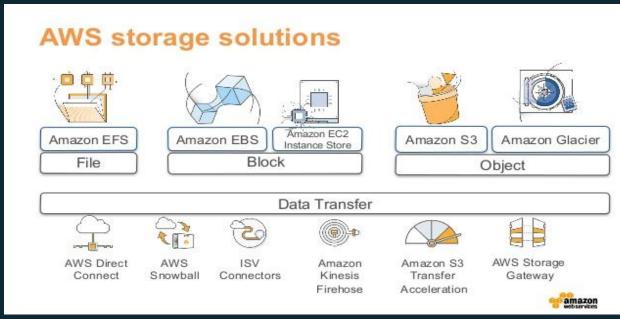
Share a single directory for all your Active Directoryaware Amazon EC2 instances, Amazon RD5 for SQL Server instances, and AW5 Enterprise IT applications such as Amazon WorkSpaces, You can also share your AD with multiple accounts. Using AWS Amaged Microsoft AD helps avoid the complexity of replicating and synchronizing data across multiple directories.

#### Simplify administration with a managed service

AWS Managed Microsoft AD is built on highly available, AWS-managed infrastructure. Each directory is deployed across multiple Availability Zones, and monitoring automatically detects and replaces domain controllers that fail. In addition, data replication and automated daily snapshots are configured for you. You do not have to install software, and AWS handles all patching and software updates.



## **AWS Cloud Storage**





#### Typical enterprise data center storage

- Storage array networks (SAN)
- Network attached storage (NAS)
- Windows file system

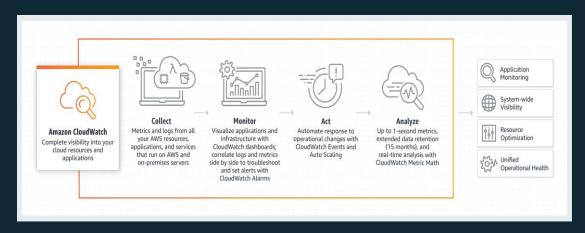
#### Typical AWS many storage options

- Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)
- Amazon EC2 Instance Store
- Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3)
- Amazon Glacier
- Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS)
- Amazon FSx for Windows File Server
- Amazon Firehose Kinesis
- AWS Storage Gateway

AWS continues to innovate on behalf of our customers

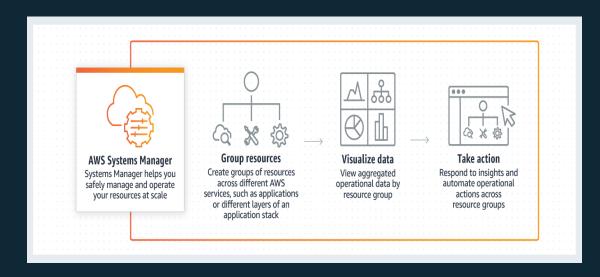


## Monitoring in AWS



CloudWatch - monitor Windows workloads in AWS

- Actionable insights to monitor application
- Respond to system-wide performance changes
- Optimize resource utilization
- Unified view of operational health

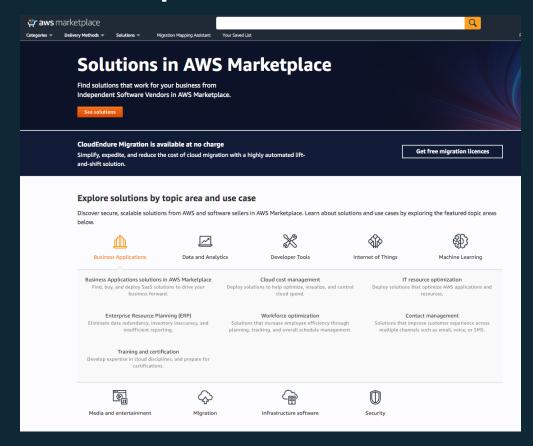


System Manager - maintain security and compliance

- Scanning managed instances
- Reporting on (or taking corrective actions)
- Visibility and control of cloud and on-prem
- Automates patching of Windows managed instances

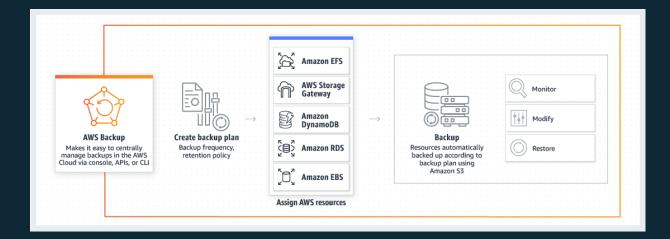


## Backup in AWS



#### **AWS Marketplace**

- Backup and data management solutions
- Many existing solutions have AWS cloud variants

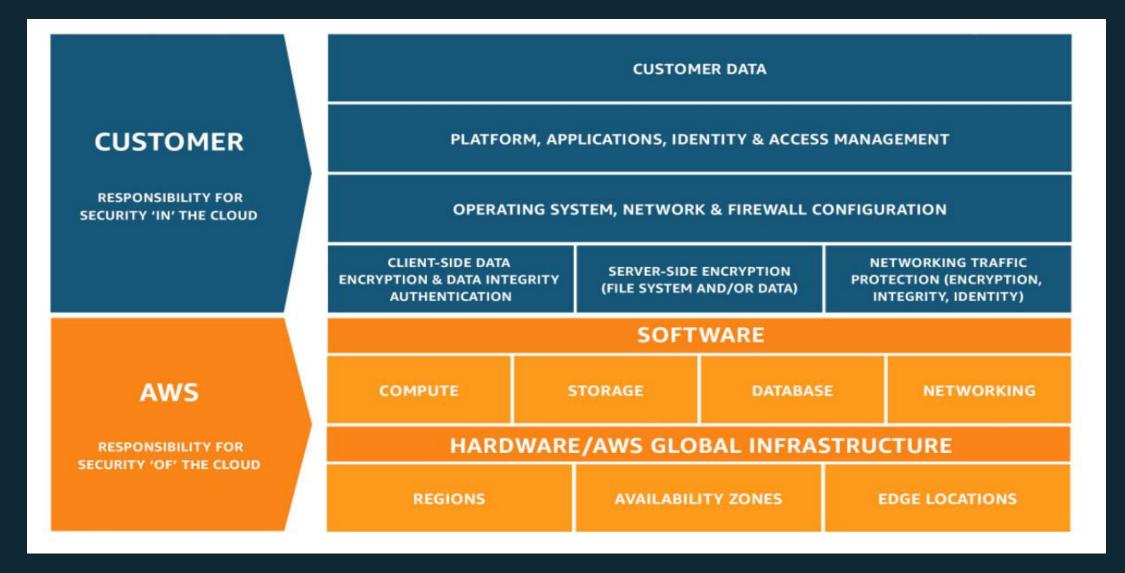


#### AWS Backup key features

- Centrally manage backup
- Automate backup processes
- Improve backup compliance
- Supports multiple data sources
- Cloud-native and hybrid backup support
- On-premises backup (with storage gateway)



## AWS shared responsibility model





## Summary

- Introduction of Windows workloads on AWS
- Introduction to AWS and pace of innovation
- How to get started on AWS cloud
- Discussed infrastructure overview from on-prem to cloud
- Covered key AWS foundations for compute, networking, security, storage and backup.



## Thank you

