

# MySQL Options on AWS: Self-Managed, Managed, Serverless

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# Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS)

Managed relational database service with a choice of popular database engines



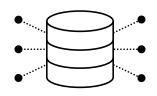


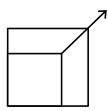




Microsoft SQL Server











#### **Easy to administer**

Easily deploy and maintain hardware, OS, and DB software; built-in monitoring

#### Performant & scalable

Scale compute and storage with a few clicks; minimal downtime for your application

#### Available & durable

Automatic Multi-AZ data replication; automated backup, snapshots, and failover

#### **Secure & compliant**

Data encryption at rest and in transit; industry compliance and assurance programs

### Amazon RDS database engines

<u>Commercial</u> <u>Open source</u> <u>Cloud native</u>

ORACLE MySQL compatible Microsoft SQL Server PostgreSQL compatible **PostgreSQL** Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)-based storage Amazon Aurora storage system

## Amazon RDS database engines

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# Agenda

- Why run MySQL
- Running managed vs. unmanaged MySQL databases
- Amazon RDS and Aurora MySQL
- Aurora Serverless + demo

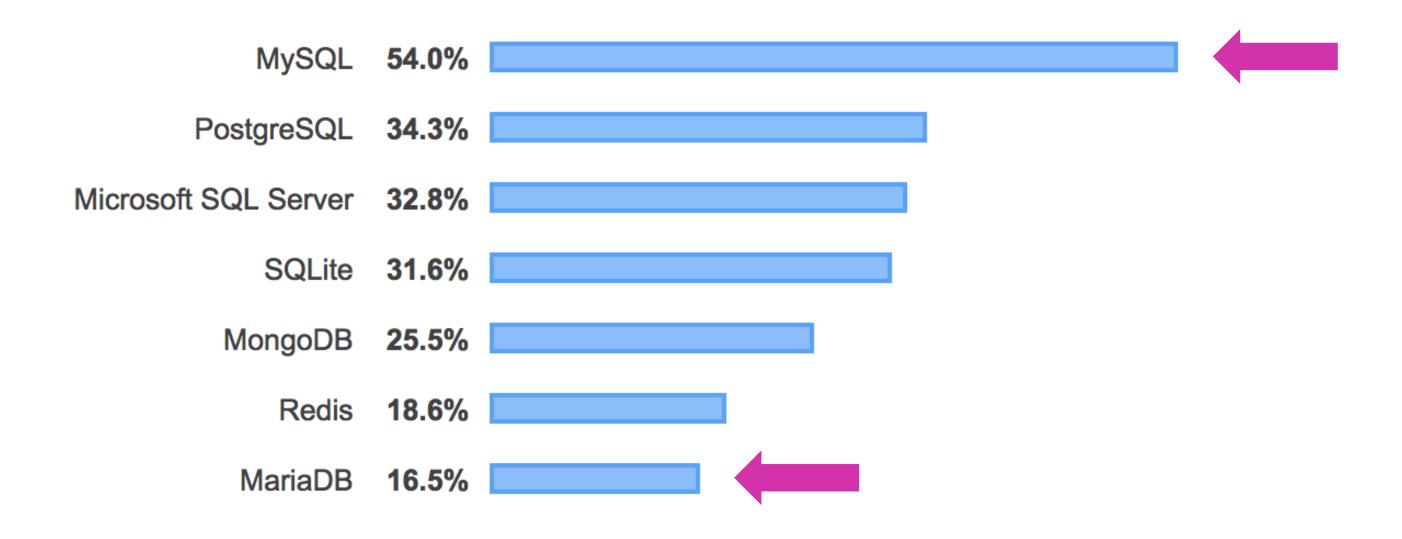
# Why run MySQL?

Why use a managed service?



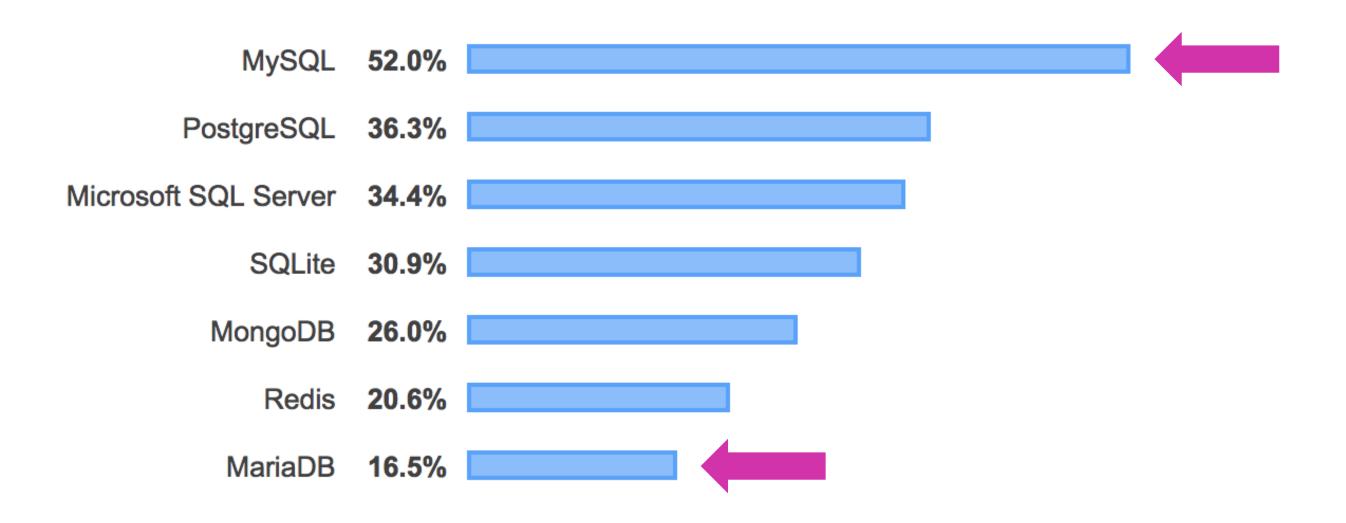
## MySQL is the world's most popular database

All respondents



## MySQL is the world's most popular database

#### **Professional Developers**



## "Most popular" buys you . . .



Highly exercised, stable code



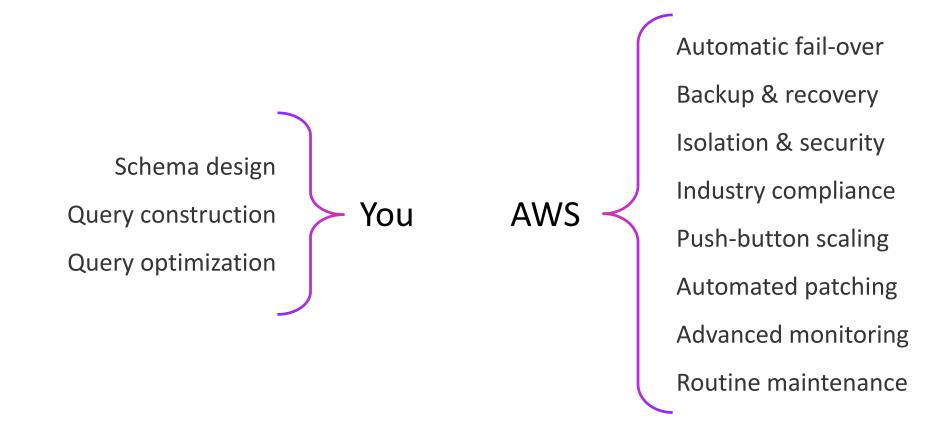
Large ecosystem of ISVs, Tools, Implementation and Support Partners



Large community of users and community-driven resources and a larger DBA talent pool

# Managed databases: automating administrative tasks

In a managed database, the service provider takes care of your timeconsuming database management tasks



# Amazon RDS



1. Popular

2. Innovative

3. Open



**Amazon RDS** 

#### Hundreds of thousands of customers



















































































































































# Popular buys you . . .



Highly exercised, stable code



Unrivalled operational excellence

1. Popular

2. Innovative

3. Open



**Amazon RDS** 

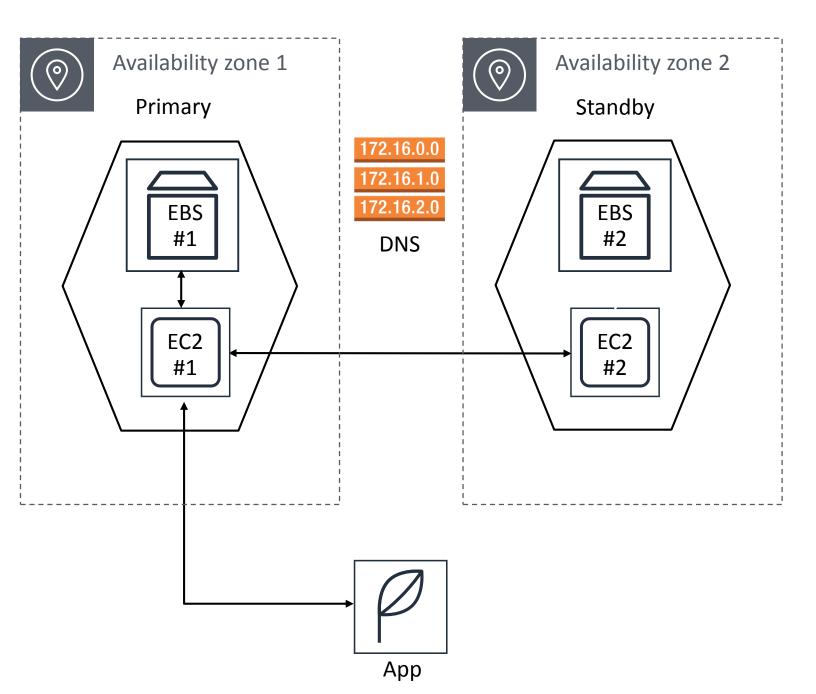
### Amazon RDS highlights - AVAILABILITY

- Automated, 0-RPO failover across AZs
- Managed x-region replicas for DR
- Automated backups, manual snapshots
- Point-in-time recovery



Each host manages set of EBS volumes with a full copy of the data

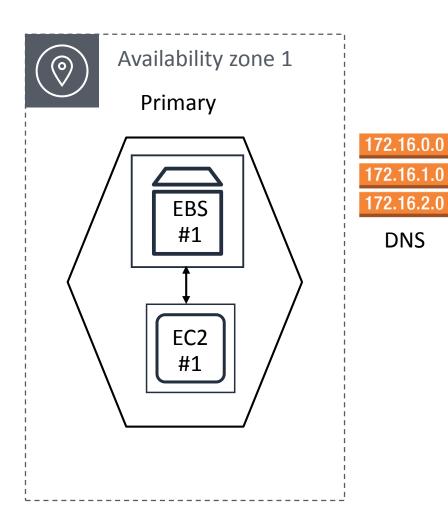
Instances are monitored by an external observer to maintain consensus over quorum

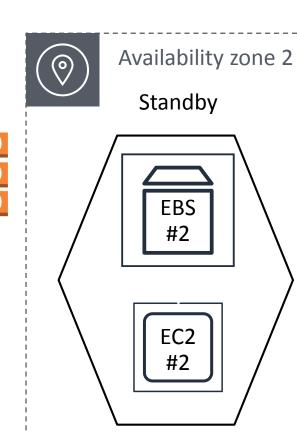


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Failover initiated by automation or through RDS API





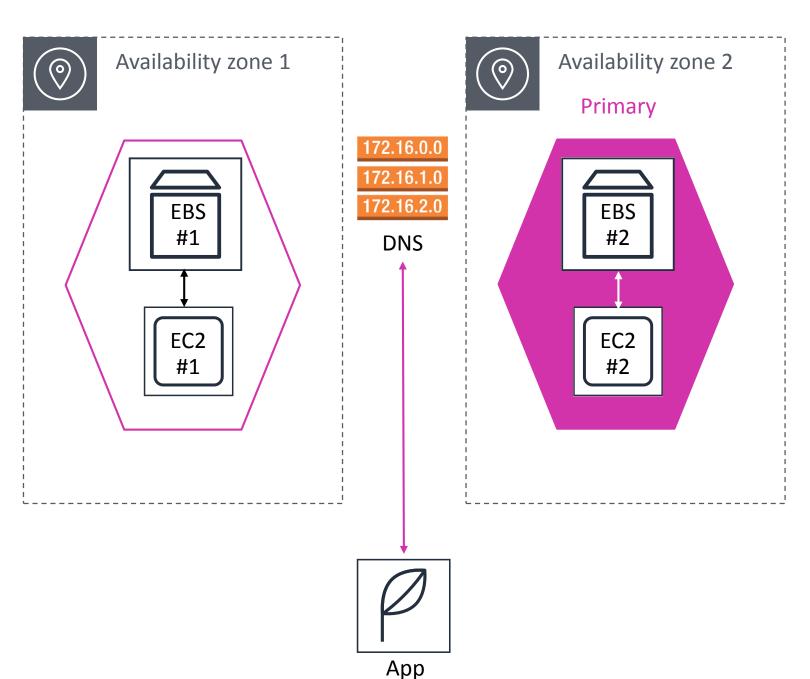


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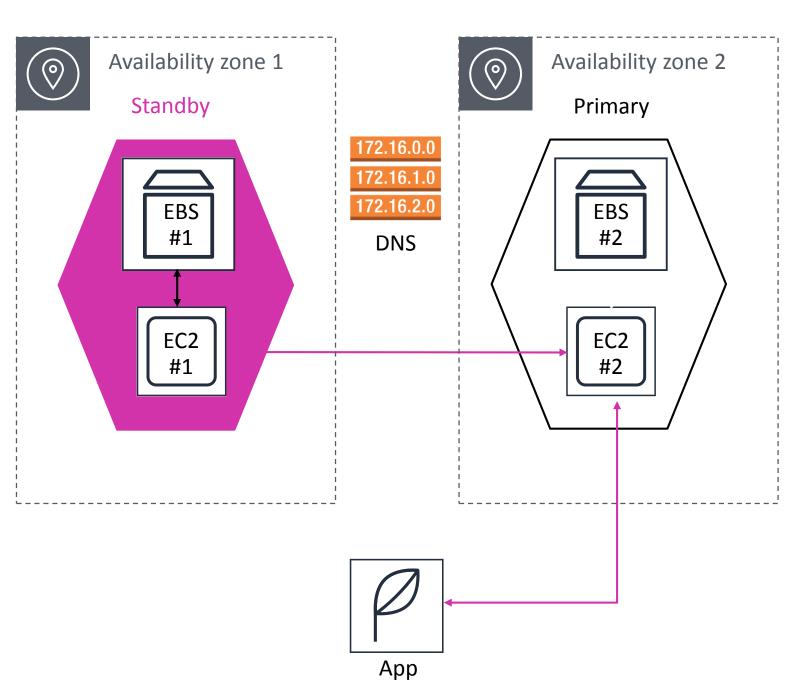


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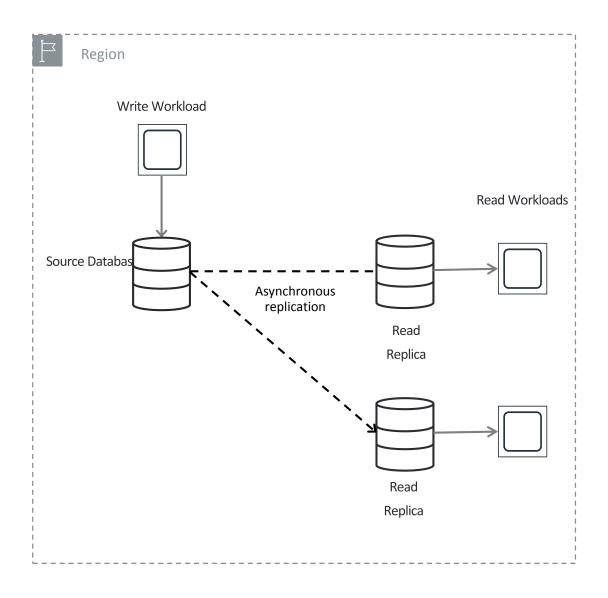


### Read Scaling with Read Replicas

Use Amazon RDS read replicas to relieve pressure on your source database with additional read capacity

Create up to five replicas per source database

Monitor replication lag in Amazon CloudWatch or Amazon RDS console

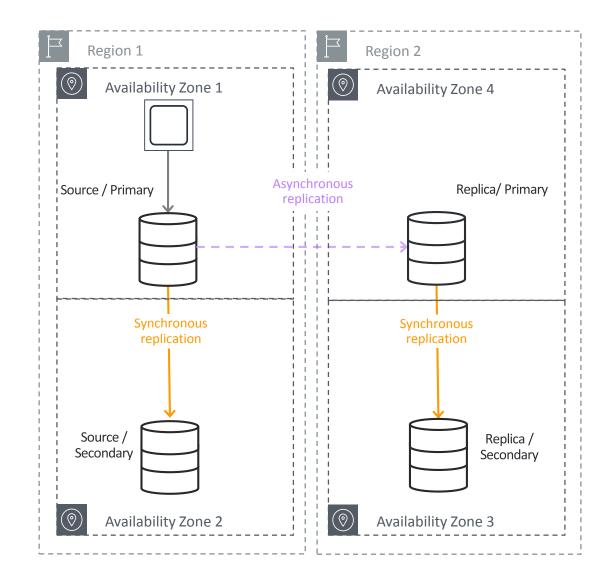


### Planning for Disaster Recovery

Use a cross-region read replica as a standby database for recovery in the event of a disaster

Read replicas can be configured for Multi-AZ to reduce recovery time

Can use delayed replication for MySQL to protect from self-inflicted disasters



### Backups, Snapshots, and Point-in-time restore

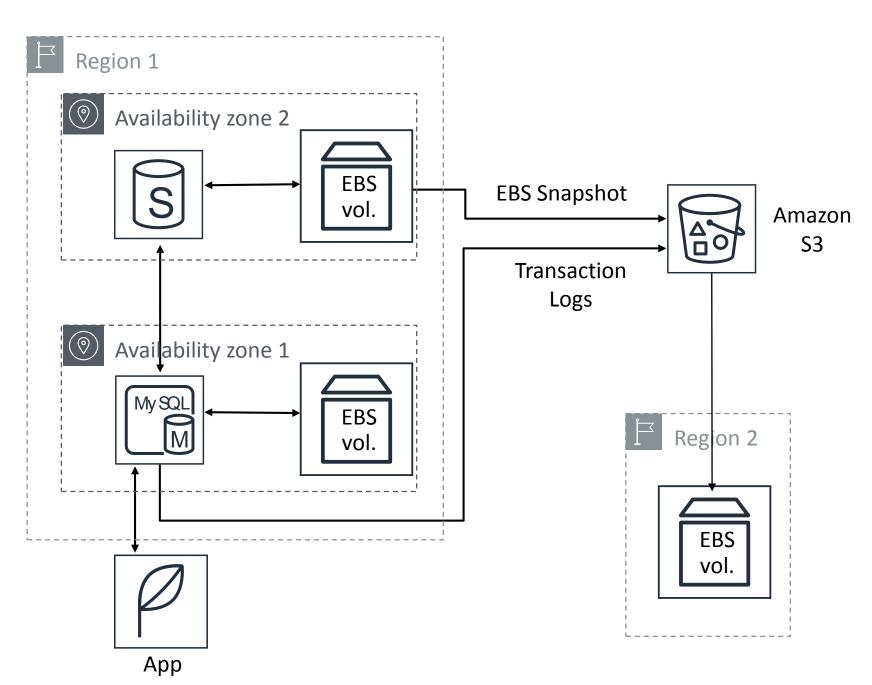
Two options – automated backups and manual snapshots

EBS snapshots stored in Amazon S3

Transaction logs stored every 5 minutes in S3 to support Point in Time Recovery

No performance penalty for backups

Snapshots can be copied across regions or shared with other accounts



#### Amazon RDS highlights – SECURITY, MANAGEABILITY

- AWS IAM Database Authentication
- Automated OS and database upgrades
- Push-button scaling
- Managed binlog replication
- Log upload to CloudWatch Logs
- Industry compliance
- Per-second billing NEW!



#### Recommendations

#### Example issues:

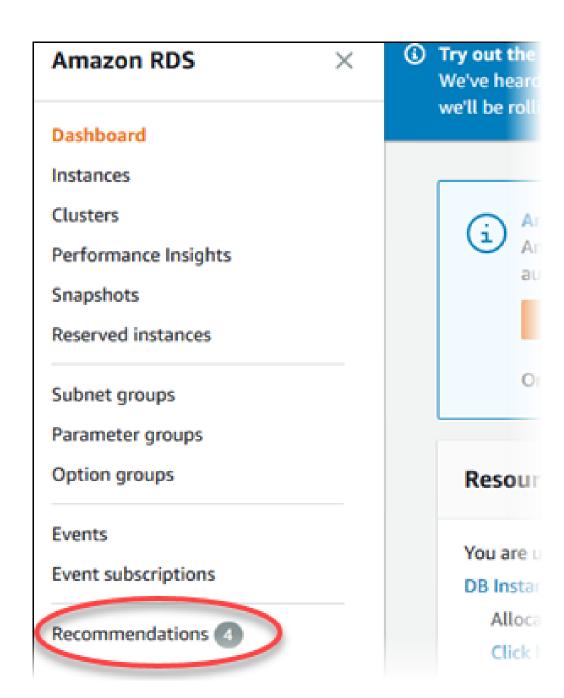
Engine version outdated, Pending maintenance available, Automated backups disabled, Enhanced Monitoring disabled, Encryption disabled

Parameter recommendations:

Non-default custom memory paraffeters, Change buffering enabled, Logging to table

Aurora cluster recommendations

**NEW!** 



## Start and Stop

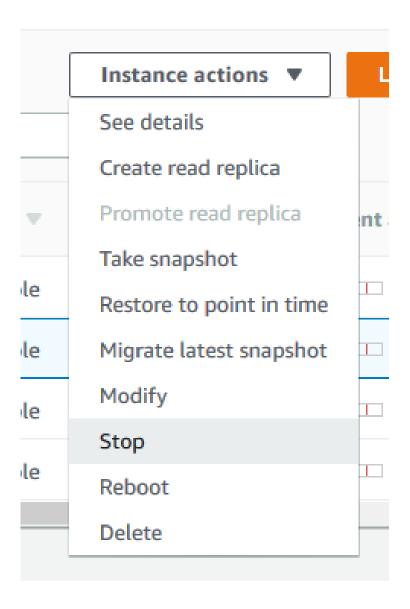
Solution for development and test environments

Stop and start a running database instance from the console or AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI)

Now available for both single-AZ and Multi-AZ DB instance and Aurora DB clusters

While instance is stopped, you only pay for storage Backup retention window is maintained while stopped

Instances are restarted after seven days



# Amazon RDS highlights – PERFORMANCE

R5, M5, and T3 database instance family NEW!

Elastic volumes up to 64 TB
 NEW!

Up to 80K Provisioned IOPS

NEW!



# Performance Insights

#### Dashboard showing database load

- Easy e.g. drag and drop
- Powerful drill down using zoom in

#### Identifies source of bottlenecks

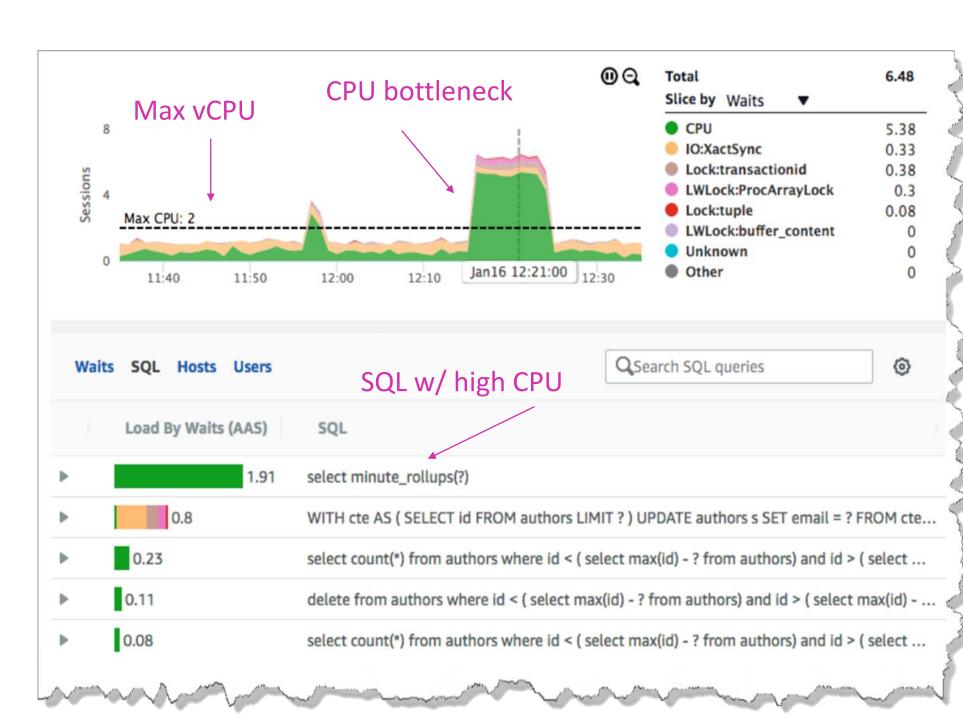
- Sort by top SQL
- Slice by host, user, wait events

#### Adjustable time frame

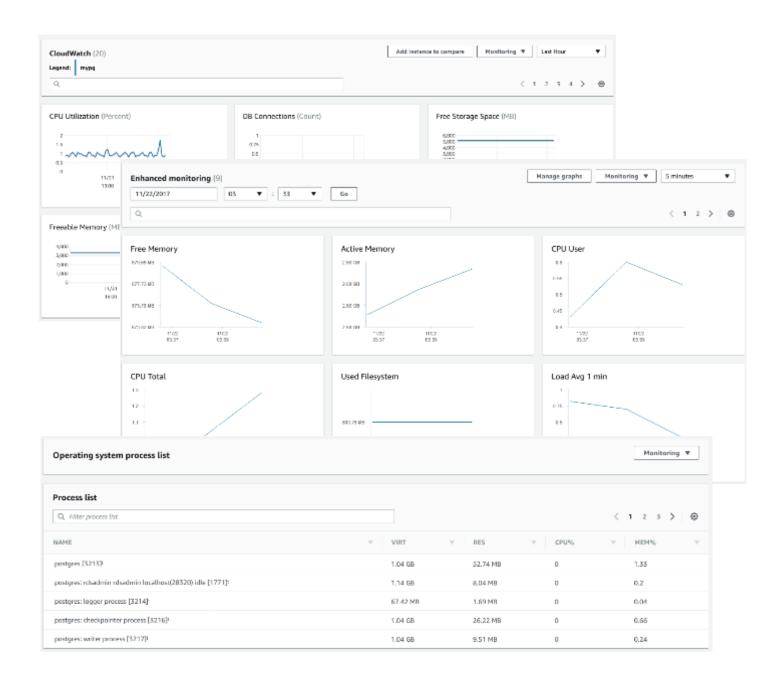
- Hour, day, week , month
- Up to 2 years of data; 7 days free

#### **Engine support**

MySQL, MariaDB, and all other RDS database engines

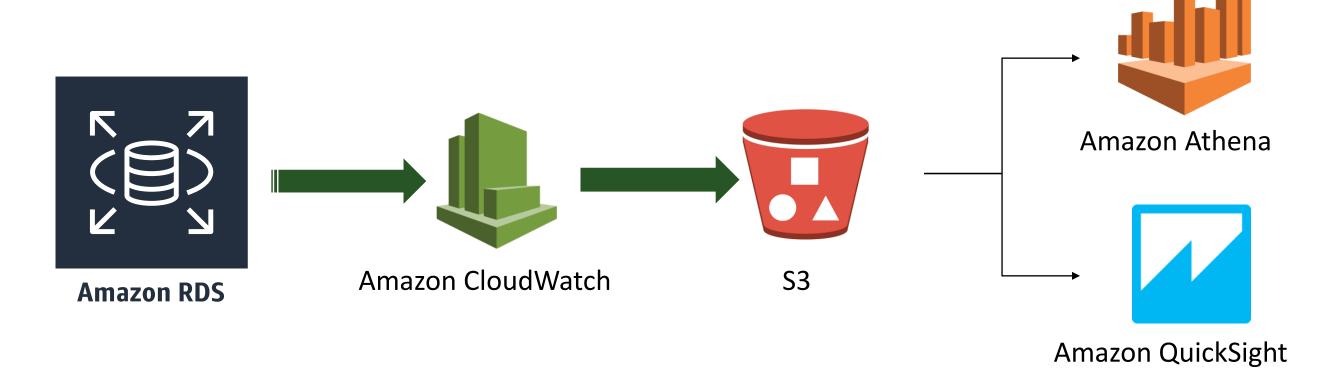


#### Monitor RDS with CloudWatch



- Amazon CloudWatch metrics
  - CPU/Storage/Memory
  - Swap usage
  - I/O (read and write)
  - Latency (read and write)
  - Throughput (read and write)
  - Replica lag
- Amazon CloudWatch alarms
  - Similar to on-premises monitoring tools
- Enhanced monitoring
  - Access to additional CPU, memory, file system, and disk I/O metrics
  - As low as one-second intervals
- Integration with third-party monitoring tools

#### Database activity monitoring and insights



- Continuously monitor activity in your DB clusters by sending audit logs to CloudWatch Logs.
- Export to S3 for long term archival; analyze logs using Athena; visualize logs with QuickSight.

**Search:** Look for specific events across log files.

Metrics: Measure activity in your Aurora DB cluster.

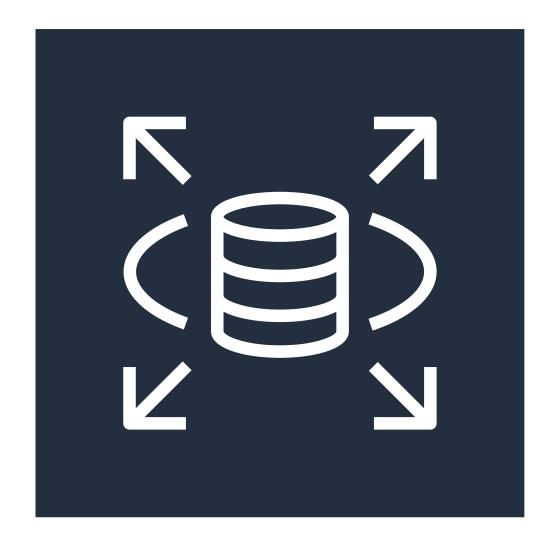
**Visualizations**: Create activity dashboards

**Alarms:** Get notified or take actions

1. Popular

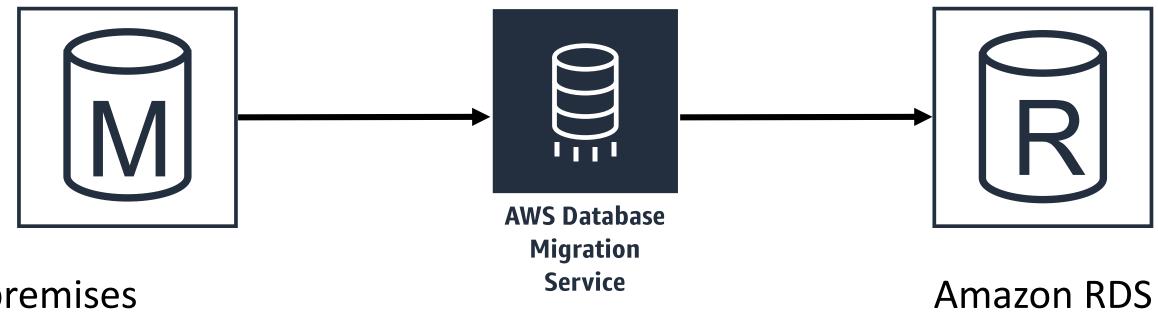
2. Innovative

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**Amazon RDS** 

### Freedom to migrate in . . .



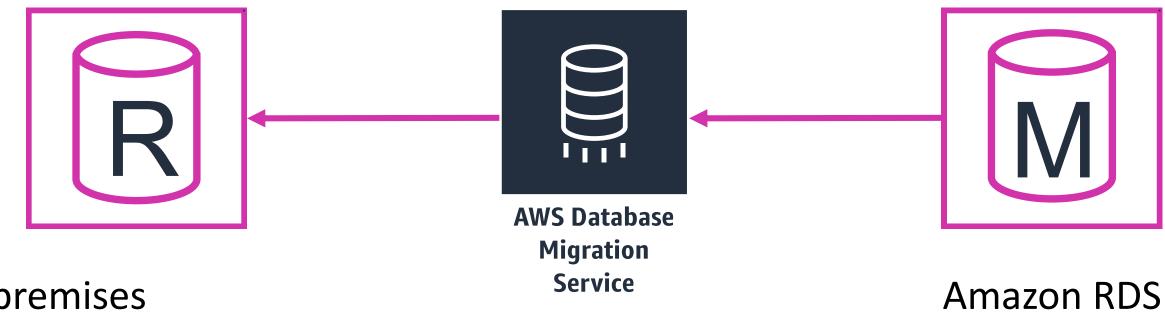
On premises

**Amazon Elastic Cloud** Compute (Amazon EC2)

**Amazon Simple Storage** Service (Amazon S3)

Amazon Redshift

# Freedom to migrate in and out



On premises

Amazon EC2

Amazon S3

Amazon Redshift

Amazon DynamoDB

# Amazon Aurora



#### Amazon Aurora...

Enterprise database at open source price

#### Delivered as a managed service



Speed and availability of high-end commercial databases

Simplicity and cost-effectiveness of open source databases

Drop-in compatibility with MySQL and PostgreSQL

Simple pay as you go pricing

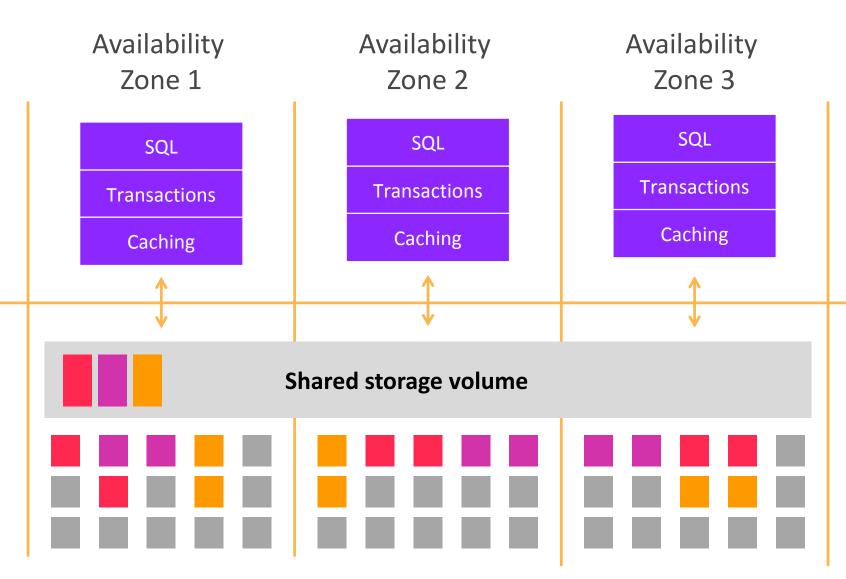
#### Scale-out, distributed architecture

Purpose-built log-structured distributed storage system designed for databases

Storage volume is striped across hundreds of storage nodes distributed over 3 different availability zones

Six copies of data, two copies in each availability zone to protect against AZ+1 failures

Plan to apply same principles to other layers of the stack



**Storage nodes with SSDs** 

# Leveraging AWS services



function

Invoke AWS Lambda events from stored procedures/triggers



AWS Identity and Access Management

Use AWS Identity and Access
Management (IAM) roles to
manage database access control



Load data from Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3), store snapshots and backups in S3



Upload systems metrics and audit logs to CloudWatch

# Aurora customer adoption

#### Fastest growing service in AWS history

Aurora is used by \(^3\)4 of the top 100 AWS customers

































































CBS Interactive















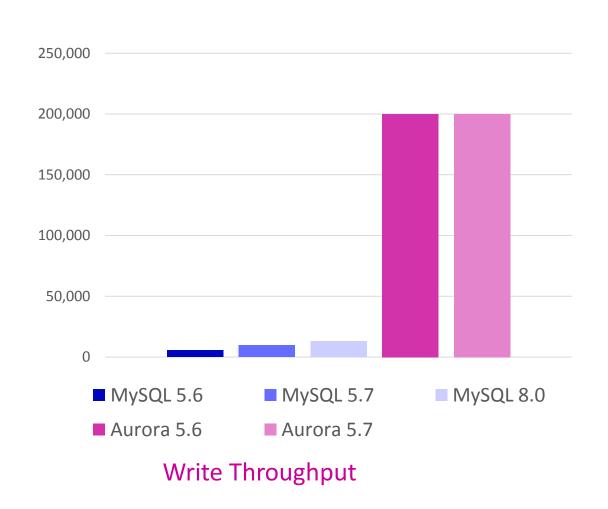


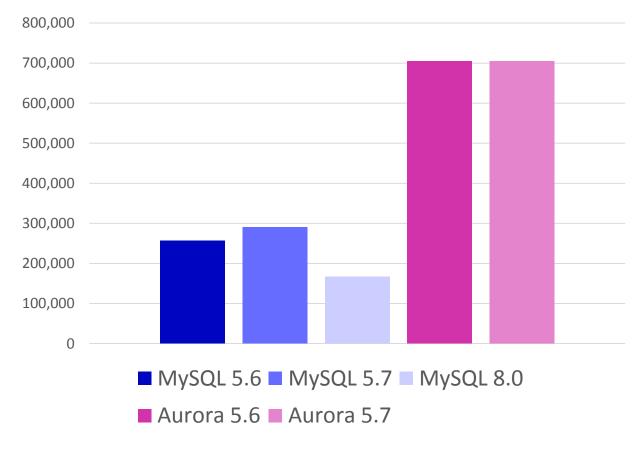




## Write and read throughput

#### Aurora MySQL is 5x faster than MySQL





Read Throughput

Using Sysbench with 250 tables and 200,000 rows per table on R4.16XL

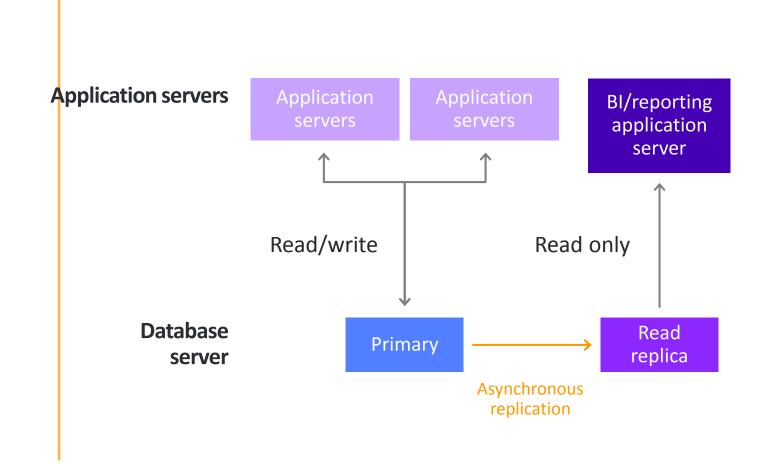
# Aurora read scaling options

15 promotable read replicas per cluster

Auto-scaling to automatically add & remove replicas

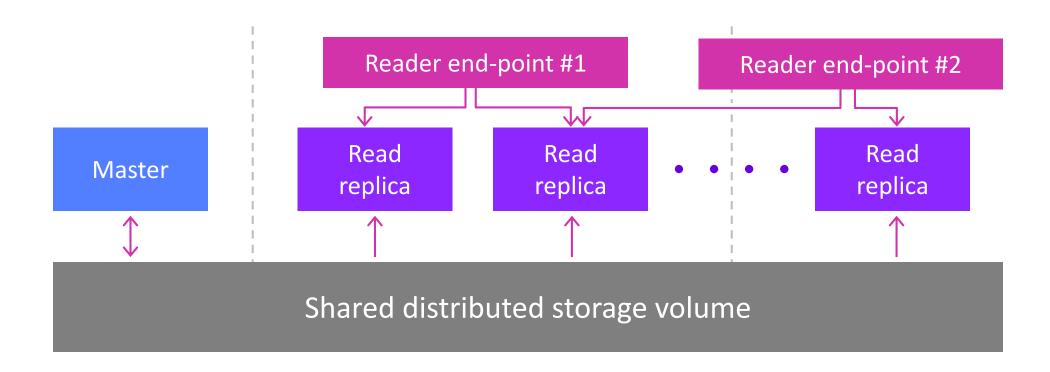
Physical replication across regions (Aurora Global Database)

Logical (binlog) replication to any MySQL database





# Aurora read replicas

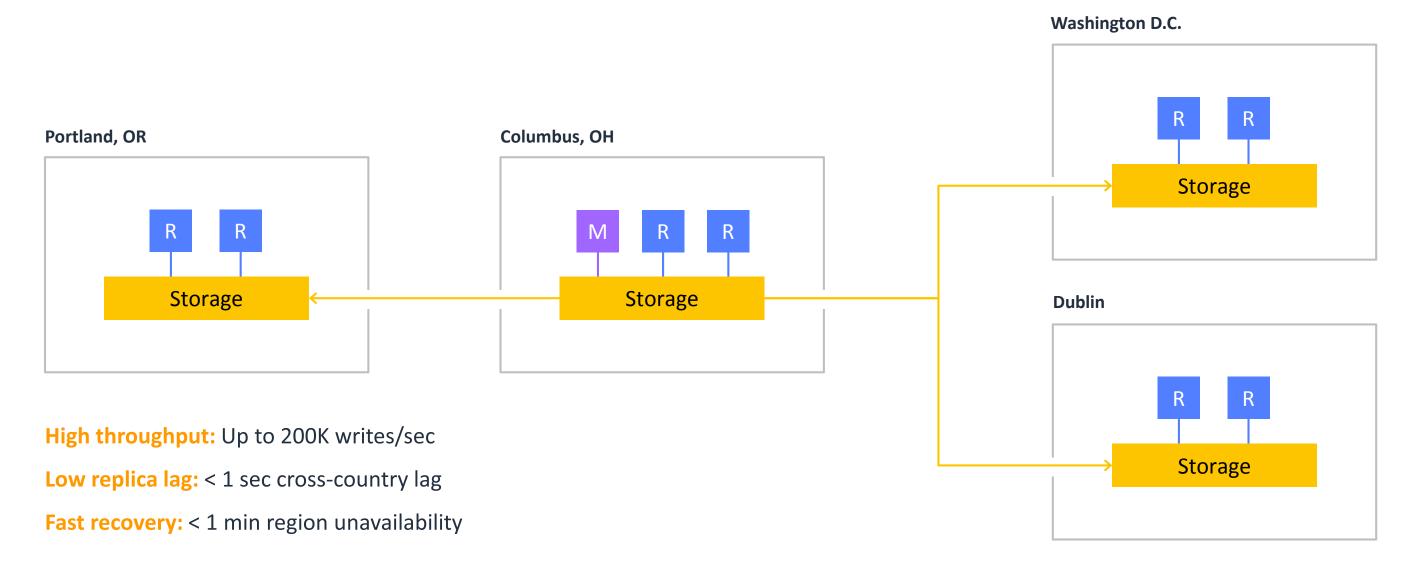


Up to 15 promotable read replicas across multiple availability zones
Redo log based (physical) replication leads to low replica lag—typically < 10ms
Custom reader end-point with configurable failover order



### Aurora Global Database

#### Faster disaster recovery and enhanced data locality





# Instant crash recovery

#### Traditional database

Have to replay logs since the last checkpoint Typically 5 minutes between checkpoints Single-threaded in MySQL; requires a large number of disk accesses

> Crash at T<sub>0</sub> requires a re-application of the SQL in the redo log since last checkpoint

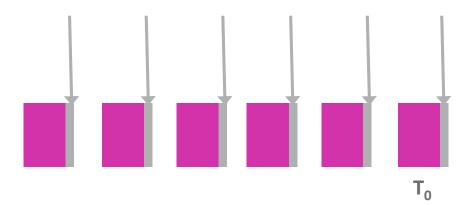
**Checkpointed Data** 

Redo Log

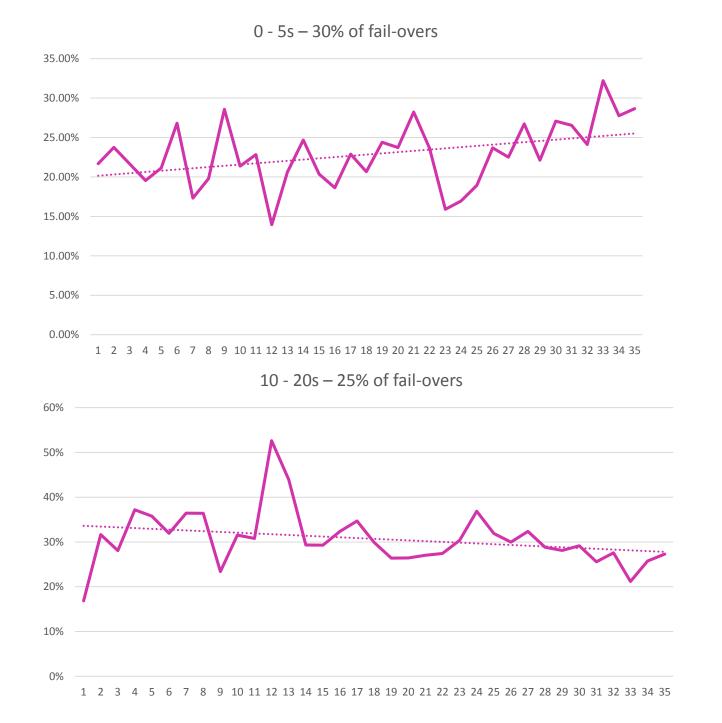
#### **Amazon Aurora**

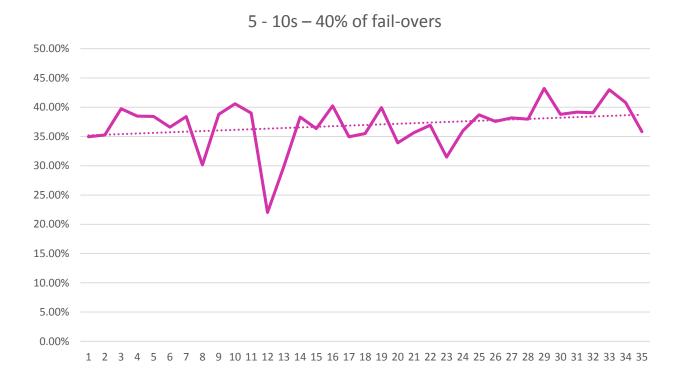
Underlying storage replays redo records on demand as part of a disk read
Parallel, distributed, asynchronous
No replay for startup

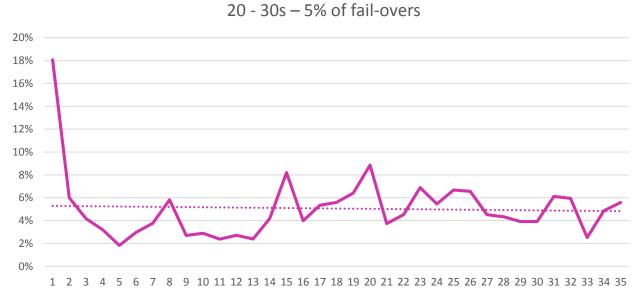
Crash at T<sub>0</sub> will result in redo logs being applied to each segment on demand, in parallel, asynchronously



## When Database fails – recovery is fast <30 seconds







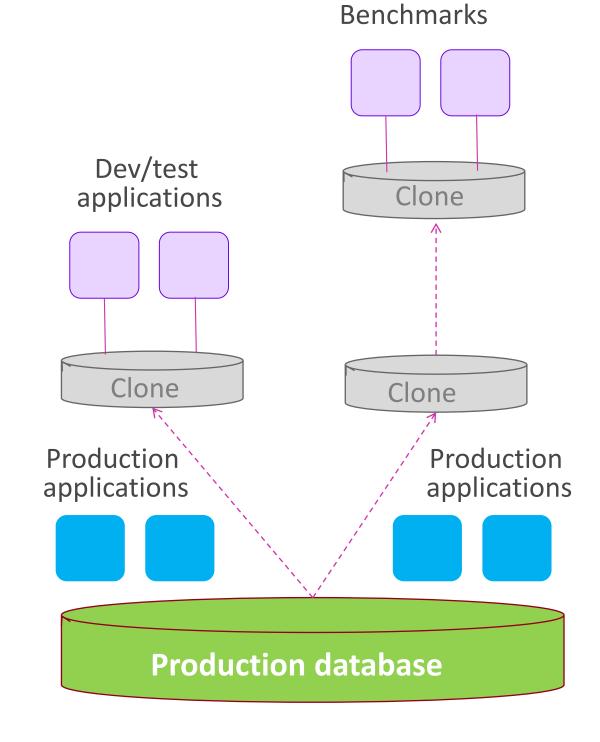
### Fast database cloning

# Create a copy of a database without duplicate storage costs

- Creation of a clone is nearly instantaneous we don't copy data
- Data copy happens only on write when original and cloned volume data differ

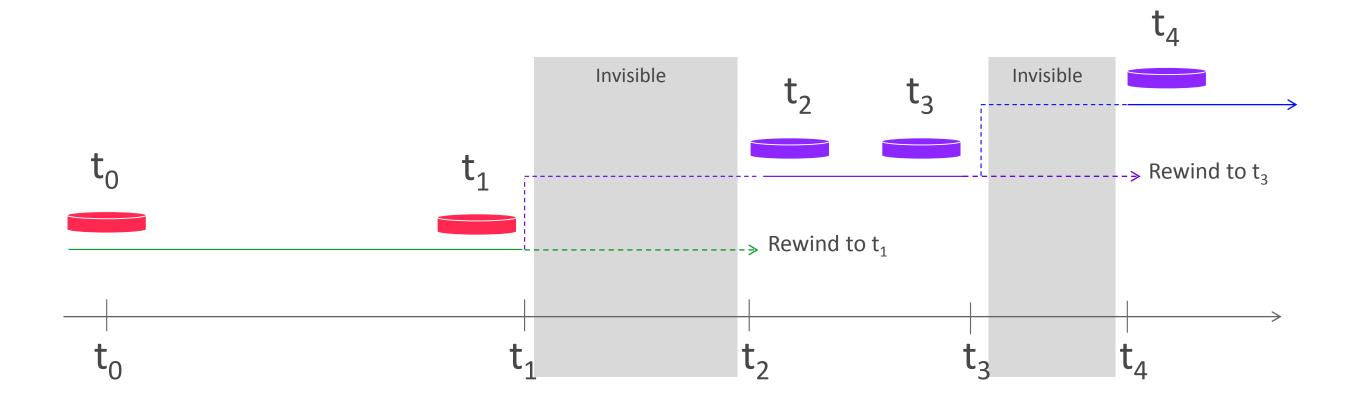
#### Typical use cases:

- Clone a production DB to run tests
- Reorganize a database
- Save a point in time snapshot for analysis without impacting production system.



https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/amazon-aurora-fast-database-cloning/

### Database Backtrack



Backtrack brings the database to a point in time without requiring restore from backups

- Backtracking from an unintentional DML or DDL operation
- Backtrack is not destructive. You can backtrack multiple times to find the right point in time
- Also useful for QA (rewind your DB between test runs)

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/amazon-aurora-backtrack-turn-back-time/

# Aurora Serverless



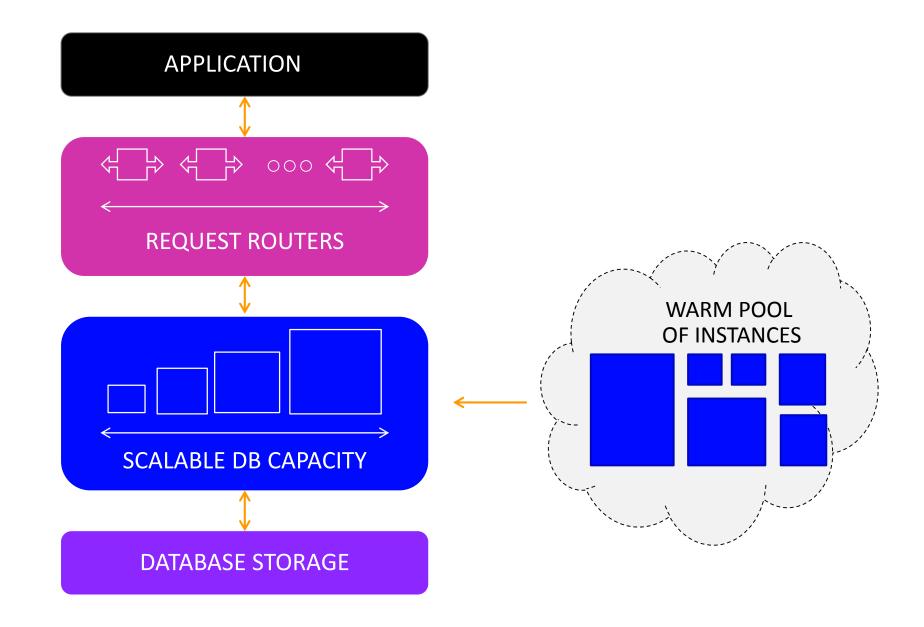
#### Aurora Serverless

Starts up on demand, shuts down when not in use

Scales up/down automatically

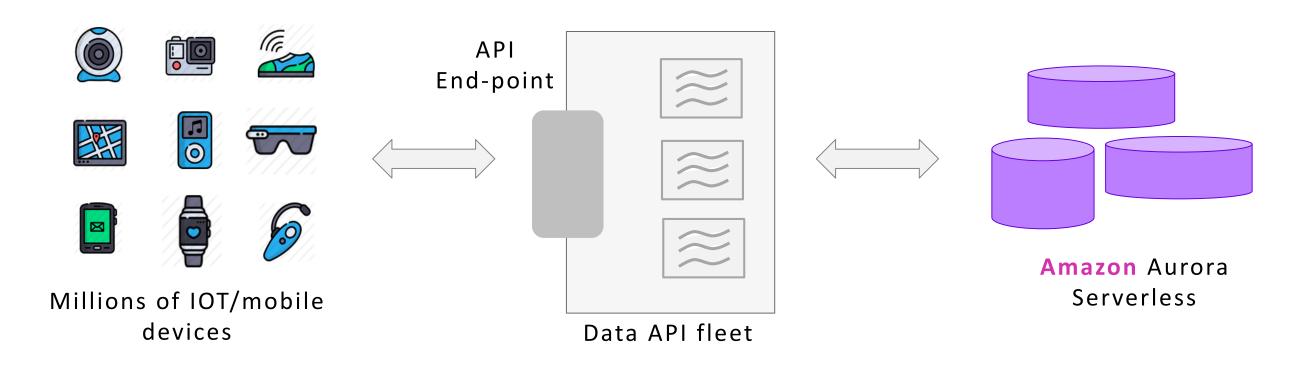
No application impact when scaling

Pay per second, 1 minute minimum



https://aws.amazon.com/getting-started/tutorials/configure-connect-serverless-mysql-database-aurora/https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/AuroraUserGuide/aurora-serverless.html

## Amazon RDS Data API for serverless applications



#### Access through simple web interface

- Public endpoint addressable from anywhere
- No client configuration required
- No persistent connections required



Ideal for Serverless applications (Lambda)

Ideal for light-weight applications (IOT)

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/AuroraUserGuide/data-api.html

# Aurora Serverless Demo



# Thank you!

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